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SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary Specification

() Final Specification

Title

32.0" WXGA TFT LCD

BUYER	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC320W01
MODEL	SL01

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE		APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
/			Jay Yoon / G. Manager	
			REVIEWED BY	
/			J.H.Park / Manager	
			PREPARED BY	
/			B.J.Choi / Engineer	
Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.			TV Product Developm LG. Philips LCD Co	

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Apr. 20, 2005	-	Preliminary Specification

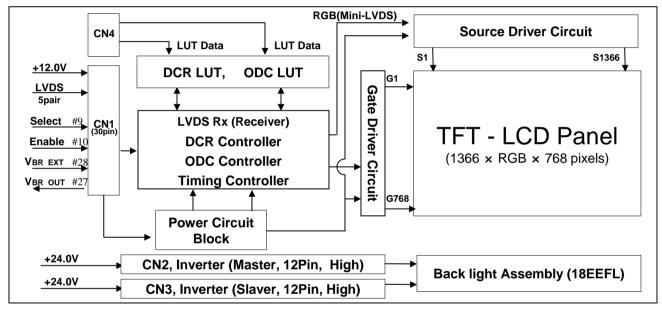


1. General Description

The LC320W01 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral External Electrode Fluorescent Lamp(EEFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 31.51 inch diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution (768 vertical by 1366 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 16.7M(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

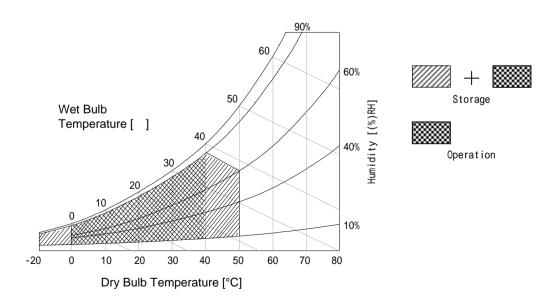
Active Screen Size	31.51 inches(800.4mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	760.0 mm(H) x 450.0 mm(V) x 48.0 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	170.25µm x 510.75µm x RGB
Pixel Format	1366 horiz. by 768 vert. pixels RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8bit, 16,7 M colors
Luminance, White	500 cd/m ² (Center 1 point) (Typ.)
Dynamic C/R (for AI)	1600:1 (Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178(Typ.), U/D 178(Typ.))
Power Consumption	Total TBD Watt (Typ.) (Logic=TBD W, Lamp=84W [I _{BL} =90mA])
Weight	6,900 g (Тур.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Parameter		Symbol Value		ue	Unit	Remark	
Fo	Falaillelei		Min	Max	Offic	Remark	
Power Input	LCM	Vlcd	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	at 25 ± 2 °C	
Voltage	Backlight inverter	VBL	21.6	+27.0	VDC		
ON/OFF Co	ON/OFF Control Voltage		-0.3	+5.25	Vdc		
Brightness C	Brightness Control Voltage		0	+5.0	VDC		
Operating To	Operating Temperature		0	+40	°C		
Storage Ten	Storage Temperature		-20	+50	°C	Note 1	
Operating Ambient Humidity		Нор	10	90	%RH	NOLE I	
Storage Hur	nidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH		

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. and no condensation of water.





3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other input power for the EEFL/Backlight is to power inverter.

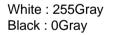
Table 2-1. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

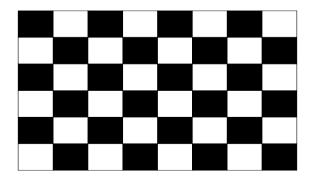
Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
	Cymbol	Min	Тур	Max			
MODULE :	MODULE :						
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	VDC		
Permissible Input Ripple Voltage	Vrp	-	-	200	mVp-p		
Device la put Current	has	-	320	416	mA	1	
Power Input Current	ILCD	-	435	566	mA	2	
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	3.84	4.99	Watt	1	
Rush current	Irush	-	-	3.0	А	3	

Notes : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD}=12.0V, $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, f_V=60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.

2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.

3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 1ms (min.).





Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)



Table 2-2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
Fai	Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max		Note
Inverter :								
Power Input Volta	Power Input Voltage			22.8	24.0	25.2	VDC	1
Power Input Curr	Power Input Current		IBL	-	3.5	TBD	A	1
Power Consumpt	Power Consumption		PBL	-	84	TBD	W	1
Input Voltage for	Brightness	Adjust	Vbr	0		3.3	VDC	2
Control System	On/Off	On	V on	2.5	5.0	5.25	VDC	
Signals	Off		V off	-0.3	0	0.5	VDC	
Lamp :	Lamp :							
Life Time		25±2		50,000			Hrs	3

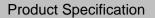
- Note: 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage, 24.0V. Ripple voltage of the Power Input Voltage is under 0.5 Vp-p.
 - 2. Brightness Control.

This VBR Voltage control brightness.

VBR Voltage	Function			
3.3V	Maximum Brightness (100%)			
0V	Minimum Brightness.(30%)			

3. Specified values are for a single lamp which is aligned horizontally.

The Life Time is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at each ambient temperature.



3-2. Interface Connections

LG.PHILIPS LCD

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 30-pin connector is used for the module electronics and two 12-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1) : FI-X30SSL-HF (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector : FI-30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
2	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
3	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
4	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
5	GND	Ground	
6	GND	Ground	1
7	GND	Ground	
8	GND	Ground	
9	Select	Select LVDS Data format	1
10	DCR Enable	Dynamic CR Enable ('L or NC'= Disable , 'H' = Enable)	2
11	GND	Ground	
12	RA-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
13	RA+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
14	GND	Ground	
15	RB-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
16	RB+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
17	GND	Ground	
18	RC-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
19	RC+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
20	GND	Ground	
21	RCLK-	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	
22	RCLK+	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	
23	GND	Ground	
24	RD-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
25	RD+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
26	GND	Ground	
27	VBR_OUT	VBR output form LCD module	
28	VBR_EXT	External VBR input from System to LCD module	
29	GND	Ground	
30	GND	Ground	3

Note: 1. If the pin no. 9 is Ground, Interface format is "LG", and if the pin no. 9 is Vcc(3.3V), Interface format is "DISM". See page 9 and 10.

2. This pin is pull down to the ground with 3kohm resistor. When this pin is no connection, DCR is disabled.

 The pin no. 30 is necessary for LCD test. When LVDS signals are abnormal operation more than 3-Vsync times and power 12V is supplied, 'Open' or 'Vcc' : LCD operate itself some test patterns.(AGP – Auto Generation Pattern) 'Ground' : LCD operate itself a black pattern. (NSB – No Signal Black) LPL recommend 'Ground' for NSB.

- 4. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together, which should be also connected to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 5. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 6. Input Levels of LVDS signals are based on the IEA 664 Standard.

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Table 4. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin9="L" or "Open")

Host System 24 Bit	DS90C385 or Compatibl	e FI-X	l K30SSL	-HF	Timing Controller
RED0	51	48			
RED1	52 TxOUTO		12	100	RxIN0-
RED2	54 TxOUTO	+ 47	13	100 5	RxIN0+
RED3	55				
RED4	56	46			
RED5	3 TxOUT1-	45	15	100 ≶	RxIN1-
RED6	50 TxOUT1	+ 45	16	100 5	RxIN1+
RED7	2				
GREEN0	4	42			
GREEN1	6 TxOUT2-	. 41	18	100 ≶	RxIN2-
GREEN2	7 TxOUT2-	+	19	100 5	RxIN2+
GREEN3	11				
GREEN4	12	10			
GREEN5	14 TxCLKOUT	40	21	100	RxCLKIN-
GREEN6	8 TxCLKOUT	+ 39	22	100 5	RxCLKIN+
GREEN7	10				
BLUE0	15				
BLUE1	19 TxOUT3	38	24	100	RxIN3-
BLUE2	20 TxOUT3-	+ 37	25	100 5	RxIN3+
BLUE3	22				
BLUE4	23		9		LG / DISM
BLUE5	24		30		LCD Test
BLUE6	16				
BLUE7	18				
Hsync	27				
Vsync	28	<u><u> </u></u>	1		
Data Enable	30	GND			
CLOCK	31			LCD N	lodule

Note: 1. The LCD Module uses a 100 Ohm [] resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

Table 5. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin9="H")

Host System 24 Bit	DS90C385 or Compatible	FI-X30SS	SL-HF	Timing Controller
RED0 RED1 RED2 RED3 RED4 RED5 RED6	50 2 TxOUT0- 51 TxOUT0+ 52 54 55 TxOUT1- 56 TxOUT1+	48 12 47 13 46 15 45 16	100 ≶ 100 ≶	RxIN0- RxIN0+ RxIN1- RxIN1+
RED7 GREEN0 GREEN1 GREEN2 GREEN3 GREEN4 GREEN5 OREEN10	3 8 10 TxOUT2- 4 TxOUT2+ 6 7 11 TxCLKOUT- T OLYOUT	42 41 18 19 40 39 21	<u>100 ≶</u> 100 ≶	RxIN2- RxIN2+ RxCLKIN-
GREEN6 GREEN7 BLUE0 BLUE1 BLUE2 BLUE3 BLUE4	12 TxCLKOUT+ 14 16 18 TxOUT3- 15 TxOUT3+ 19 20	33 22 38 24 37 25 9		RxCLKIN+ RxIN3- RxIN3+ LG / DISM
BLUE5 BLUE6 BLUE7 Hsync Vsync Data Enable CLOCK	22 23 24 27 28 30 31	GND 30		LCD Test

Note: 1. The LCD Module uses a 100 Ohm [] resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

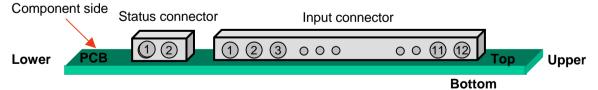


3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

Input Connector -Inverter Connector : S12B-PH(A)-SM3(manufactured by JST) or Equivalent -Mating Connector : PHR-12 or Equivalent Status Connector -Inverter Connector : S2B-PH-SM3-TB(manufactured by JST) or Equivalent -Mating Connector : PHR-2(manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

Table 6. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Master	Slave	Note			
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL				
2	Vbl	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL				
3	Vbl	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL				
4	Vbl	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL				
5	Vbl	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL				
6	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND				
7	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND				
8	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND	1			
9	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND				
10	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND				
11	Vbr	0V ~ 3.3V	Vbr	Don't care	2			
12	On/Off	0V ~ 5.0V	On/Off	Don't care	3			
Option P	Option Pin(Lamp Open Status Detection)							
1	GND	POWER GND	GND					
2	2 Status Upper 3.0V(Normal), Under 0.7V(Abnormal)		Status					



Note : 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. Minimum Brightness : VBR = 0.0V Maximum Brightness : VBR = 3.3V
- 3. VON : 3.0 ~ 5.0V VOFF : -0.3 ~ 0.5V



3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

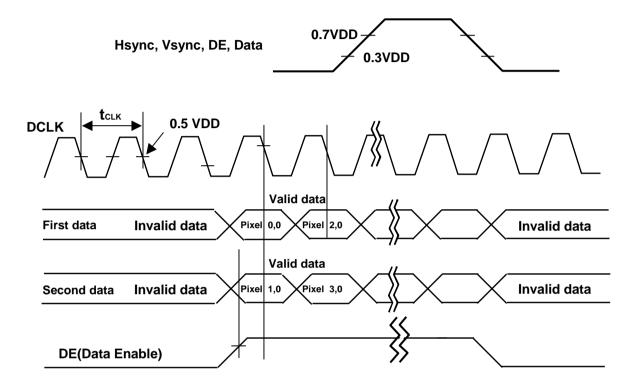
This is the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for it's proper operation.

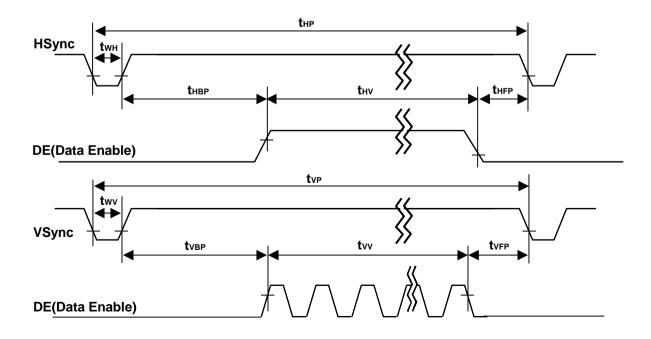
ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
DCLK	Period		12.5	13.8	14.7	ns	
DOLK	Frequency	-	68	72.3	80	MHz	
	Period	tHP	1472	1528	1776	t CLK	
Hsync	Frequency	fн	45	47.4	50	KHz	
	Width	twн	8	32	-	t CLK	
	Period	t∨P	776	790	1063	tHP	
Vsync	Frequency	f∨	47	60	63	Hz	Note 1) PAL : 47~53Hz NTSC : 57~63Hz
	Width	tw∨	2	5	-	tHP	
	Horizontal Valid	tH∨	1366	1366	1366		
	Horizontal Back Porch	thbp	24	80	-	tCLK	
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	24	48	-	ICLK	
DE	Horizontal Blank	-	thp- thv	162	tHP- tH∨		
(Data Enable)	Vertical Valid	t∨∨	768	768	768		
	Vertical Back Porch	tvbp	5	15	-	1 15	
	Vertical Front Porch	tvfp	1	2	-	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	-	tvp- tvv	22	tvp- tvv		

- Note : Hsync Period and Hsync Width should be even number times of tCLK. If the value is odd number times of tCLK, display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate the LCD, Hsync, Vsync and DE(Data Enable) signals should be used.
 - 1. <u>The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.</u>
 - 2. Vsync and Hsync should be keep the above specification.



3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The below table provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

													Inpu	it Co	olor	Data	a									
	Color					RE	D							GRE	EEN							ΒL	UE			
			MS								MS								MS							SB
	I								R1																	_
	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED							•								•											
	RED (254)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																										
	GREEN (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																										
	BLUE (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note : Users should be input true 8 Bit data streams via LVDS transmitter.



3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

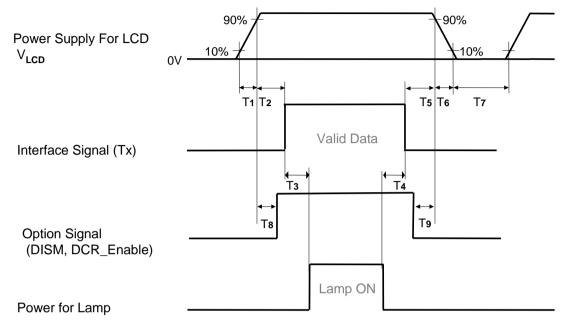


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE

Demonster		l lait		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T1	1.0	-	20	ms
T2	5.0	-	50	ms
Т3	200	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.5	-	50	ms
T6	-	-	300	ms
Τ7	2.0	-	-	s
Т8		ms		
Т9		ms		

Note: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

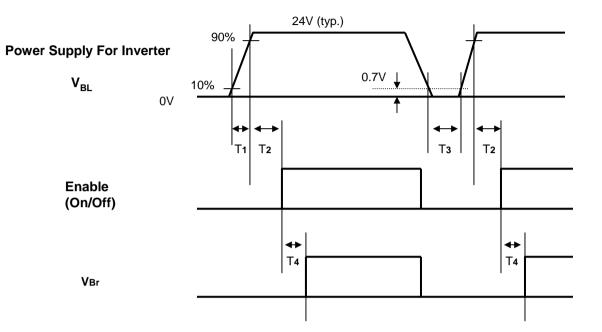
2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V. 3. The case when the T2/T5 exceed maximum specification, it operates protection

pattern(Black pattern) till valid signal inputted. There is no reliability problem.

- 4. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- If the on time of option signal(DISM or DCR_Enable) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), check the LCD logic Power(Vcc) is under 0.8V, otherwise it will be happened abnormal display.



3-6-2. On/Off for Inverter



3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

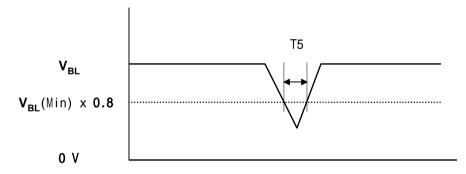


Table 10. POWER SEQUENCE FOR INVERTER

Deremeter		Value		Linit	Demork
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
T1	20	-	-	ms	After Inverter's connected
T2	500	-	-	ms	
Т3	200	-	-	ms	
T4	0	-	-	ms	
T5	-	-	10	ms	V _{BL} (Min) x 0.8

4. Optical Specification

LG.PHILIPS LCD

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

It is presented additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method in FIG. 1.

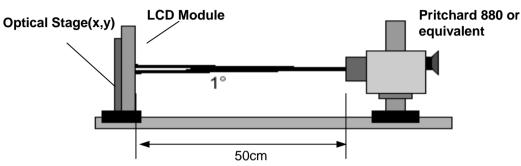


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 11. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS				Ta= 25 ±	Ta= $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, V _{LCD} =12.0V, fv=60Hz, Dclk=72.3MHz, VBR=3.3						
De			Currents of		Value		l lait	Nata			
Pa	ramet	er	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note			
Contrast Ratio			CR	600	800			1			
			CR with AI	1200	1600			1			
Surface Lumin	ance,	white	L _{WH}	400	500		cd/m ²	2			
Luminance Va	riatior	ì	δ _{WHITE} 5P			1.3		3			
ь т [.]		Rise Time	Tr _R	-	8	12					
Response Time (Gray to Gray)		Decay Time	Tr _D		10	14					
(Glay to Glay)		G t	o G	-	8	14	ms	4			
		RED	Rx		0.640						
		RED	Ry		0.343	Тур +0.03					
		GREEN	Gx		0.280						
Color Coordina	ites		Gy	Тур -0.03	0.605						
[CIE1931]		BLUE	Bx		0.145						
			Ву		0.065						
			Wx		0.285						
		WHITE	Wy		0.293						
Viewing Angle	(CR>	10)									
x	axis,	right(φ=0°)	θr	85	89	-					
x	x axis, left (θI	85	89	-	dograa	5			
y axis, up (φ=90°)		θu	85	89	-	degree	5				
y axis, down (_{\$=270°})		down (φ=270°)	θd	85	89	-					
Cray Saala			Without AI								
Gray Scale			With AI					6			



Note :

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

Contrast Ratio = $\frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$ It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Surface Luminance(L_{WH}) is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation of surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as :

 $\delta \text{ WHITE(5P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5})$

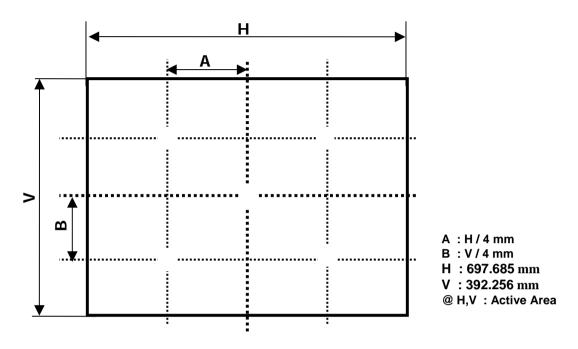
Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 12.

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)	Luminance [%] (Typ) with Al
LO	0.18	0.08
L15	0.27	0.20
L31	1.00	0.83
L47	2.40	2.00
L63	4.60	3.70
L79	7.60	6.30
L95	11.40	9.70
L111	16.00	13.90
L127	21.60	19.20
L143	28.00	25.60
L159	35.40	33.40
L175	43.70	42.50
L191	53.00	53.00
L207	63.20	63.20
L223	74.50	74.50
L239	88.00	88.00
L255	100.00	100.00

Table 12. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION





Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation

FIG. 2 The Position of Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

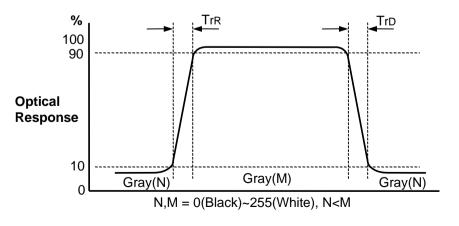


FIG. 3 Response Time



Dimension of viewing angle range

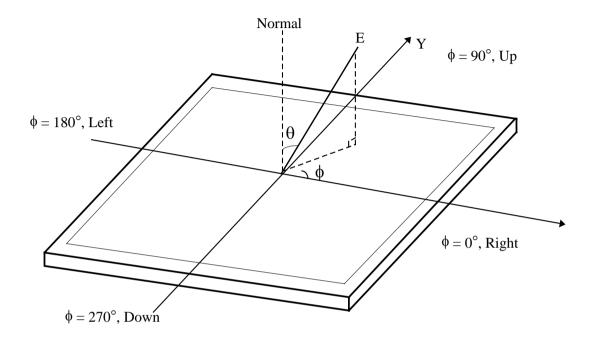


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The following items provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition, the figures in the next page show the detail information of mechanical drawing for LCD module.

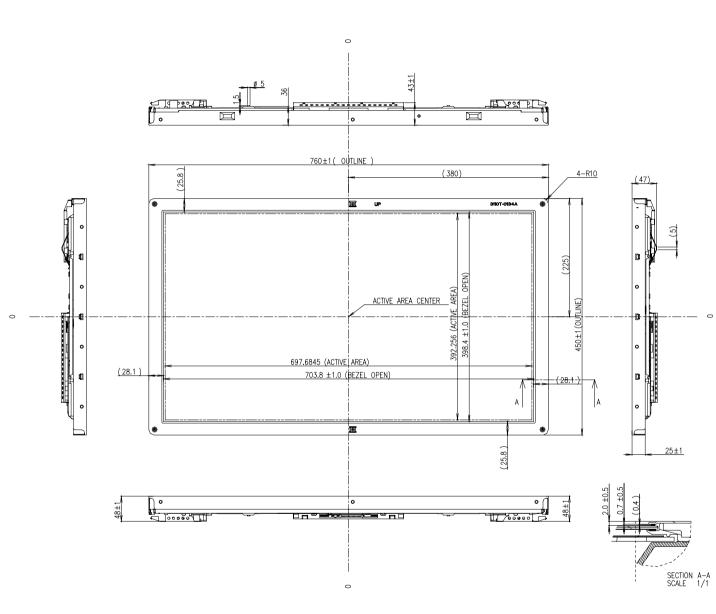
Table 13. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	Horizontal	760.0mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	450.0 mm			
	Depth	48.0 mm			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	703.8mm			
Dezel Alea	Vertical	398.4mm			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	697.685mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	392.256mm			
Weight	6,900 g(Typ.), 7,240 g(Max)				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer				

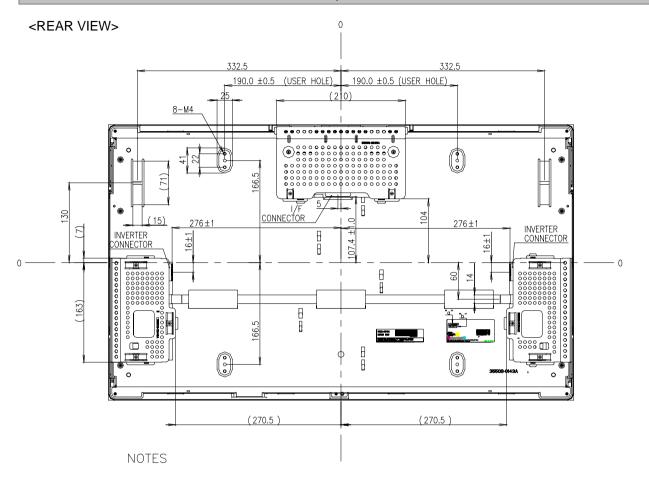
Notes : Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.



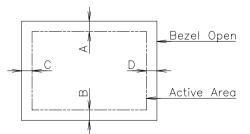
<FRONT VIEW>







- 1. I/F Connector Specification.
 - FI-X30SSL-HF(JAE) or Equivalent
- INVERTER Connector Specification.
 S12B-PH-SM3(JST) or Equivalent
- 3. Depth of user hole screw insertion : Max 4mm.
- 4. Torque of user hole : Max 5.0kgf-cm.
- 5. Gap between Bezel and Panel : Max 1.2mm.
- 6. Tilt and partial disposition tolerance of display area as following.
 - (1) Y-Direction : $|A-B| \le 1.5$
 - (2) X-Direction : $|C-D| \le 1.5$



7. Unspecified tolerances to be ± 0.5 mm.

6. Reliability

Table 14. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 50°C 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 40°C 50%RH 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	TBD					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	TBD					
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C 90%RH 240h					
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 14,000 feet(4267.2m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12192m)					



7. International standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment. b) CAN/CSA C22.2. No. 60950. Third Edition. Canadian Standards Association. Dec. 1, 2000.

- Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment. c) EN 60950 : 2000. Third Edition
- IEC 60950 : 1999, Third Edition IEC 60950 : 1999, Third Edition European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC) EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

- E : MONTH
- G : ASSEMBLY CODE

D : YEAR F : FACTORY CODE H, I, J, K, L, M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

3. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing	HEESUNG
Mark	к	С	D

4. SERIAL NO.

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Mark 100001~199999, 200001~299999, 300001~399999, ...., A00001~A99999, ...., Z00001~Z99999
```

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 5 pcs
- b) Box Size : 880mm X 500mm X 570mm



9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.

Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)

- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :
 - V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.



9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ionblown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.