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# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- ( ) Preliminary Specification
- ( ♦ ) Final Specification

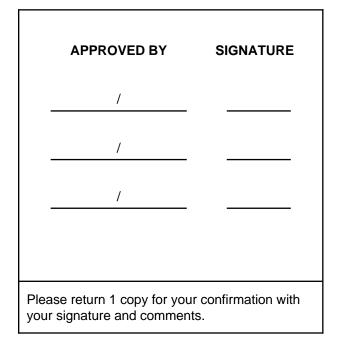
Title

## 15.4" WXGA TFT LCD

Customer	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP154WX5
Suffix	TLC1

\*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix



APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE				
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Products Engineering Dept. LG Display Co., Ltd.					



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## **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
1.0	Jun. 23, 2008	-	Final Draft	
			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
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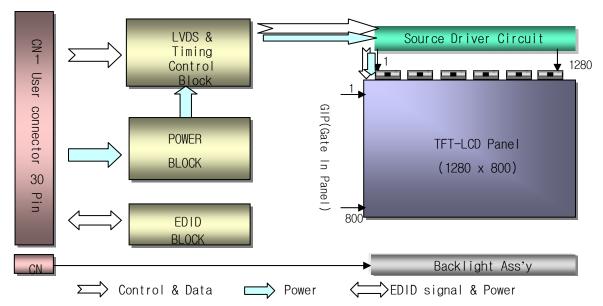


#### 1. General Description

The LP154WX5 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(800 vertical by 1280 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154WX5 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154WX5 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154WX5 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



#### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	344.0(H, typ) × 222.0(V, typ) × 6.5(D,Max.) [mm]
Pixel Pitch	0.25875mm × 0.25875 mm
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. By 800 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	200 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (Min.,5 point)
Power Consumption	Total 5.62 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.2 Watt (Typ.), B/L input 4.42Watt(Typ.)
Weight	575g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment of the front polarizer
RoHS Comply	Yes



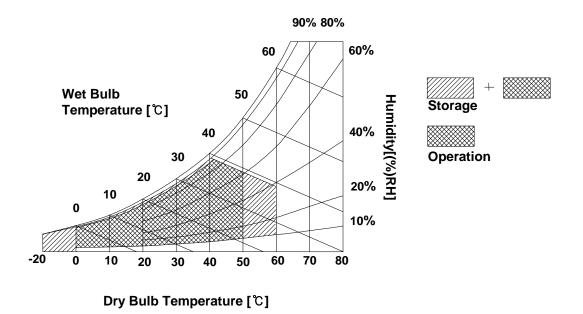
#### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
	Symbol	Min	Max	UTIIIS		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 $\pm$ 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

#### Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.





#### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### **3-1. Electrical Characteristics**

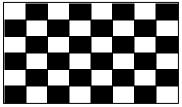
The LP154WX5 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Deveneter	Cymrain al		1.1	Nistas		
Parameter	Symbol	Min Typ		Max	Unit	Notes
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>cc</sub>	290	350	410	mA	1
Power Consumption	Pc	-	1.2	1.4	Watt	1
Differential Impedance	Zm	90	100	110	Ohm	2
LAMP :						
Operating Voltage	V <sub>BL</sub>	665(7.0mA)	680(6.5mA)	895(2.0mA)	V <sub>RMS</sub>	
Operating Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	2.0	6.5	7.0	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	3
Power Consumption	P <sub>BL</sub>	-	4.42	4.73		
Operating Frequency	f <sub>BL</sub>	45	60	80	kHz	
Discharge Stabilization Time	Ts	-	-	3	Min	4
Life Time		15,000	-	-	Hrs	5
Established Starting Voltage at 25 ℃ at 0 ℃	Vs			1170 1400	V <sub>RMS</sub> V <sub>RMS</sub>	

#### Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}$ C, fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.

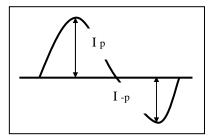


- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance  $(L_{WH})$  in optical characteristics.
- 4. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.



Note)

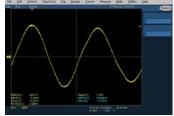
- 6. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 7. It is defined the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.  $T_s$  is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 8. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.
- Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
  - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
    - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$ .
    - \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



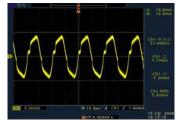
\* Asymmetry rate:  $|I_p - I_{-p}| / I_{rms}$  \* 100% \* Distortion rate  $I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$ 

- 10. Inverter open voltage must be more than lamp voltage for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on.
  - \* Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
  - If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

Ex of current wave)



Normal current wave - Standard



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model MDF76LBRW-30S-1H manufactured by Hirose.

#### Pin Symbol Description Notes GND Ground 1 2 VCC Power Supply, 3.3V Typ. VCC Power Supply, 3.3V Typ. 3 V EEDID DDC 3.3V power 4 1, Interface chips Reserved for supplier test point 1.1 LCD : SW, SW0611 (LCD Controller) NC 5 including LVDS Receiver 6 Clk EEDID DDC Clock \* Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS 7 DATA EEDID DDC Data ..... 8 R<sub>IN</sub> 0-2. Connector Negative LVDS differential data input 2.1 LCD :MDF76LBRW-30S-1H,Hirose Positive LVDS differential data input R<sub>IN</sub> 0+ 9 FI-XB30SRL-HF11, JAE 10 GND Ground equivalent Locking design Negative LVDS differential data input 2.2 Mating : FI-X30M or equivalent. 11 R<sub>IN</sub> 1-2.3 Connector pin arrangement 12 Positive LVDS differential data input R<sub>IN</sub> 1+ GND 13 Ground R<sub>IN</sub> 2-Negative LVDS differential data input 14 Positive LVDS differential data input 15 R<sub>IN</sub> 2+ GND Ground 16 17 CLKIN-Negative LVDS differential clock input Positive LVDS differential clock input CLKIN+ 18 [LCD Module Rear View] 19 GND Ground NC No Connect 20 21 NC No Connect GND 22 Ground No Connect 23 NC 24 NC No Connect GND 25 Ground NC No Connect 26 27 NC No Connect 28 GND Ground NC 29 No Connect NC No Connect 30

#### Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1or equivalent. 

Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)	

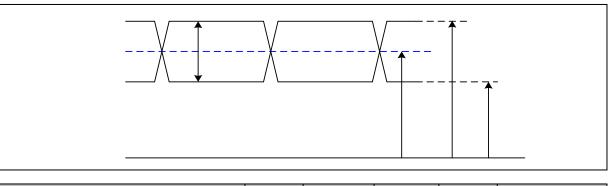
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes				
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1				
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1				
Notes :	Notes : 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored Pink and the low voltage side terminal is Green.						
Ver 10	Ver 1.0 Jun 23 2008 8						

# 🕒 LG Display

**Product Specification** 

## 3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

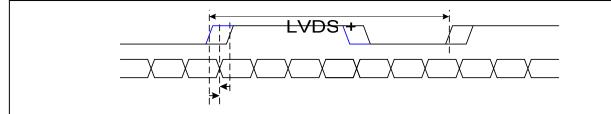
## 3-3-1. DC Specification



Description	Symb ol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range		DS <sub>0.3</sub>	2.1	V	-

 $|V_{ID}|$ 

## 3-3-2. AC Specification

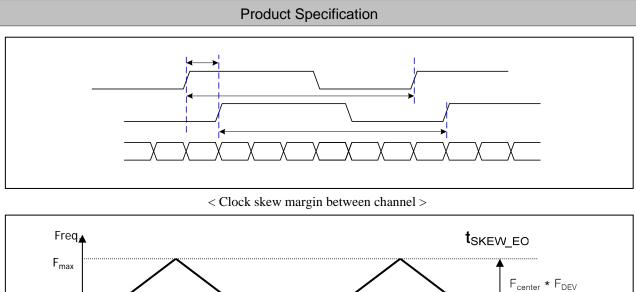


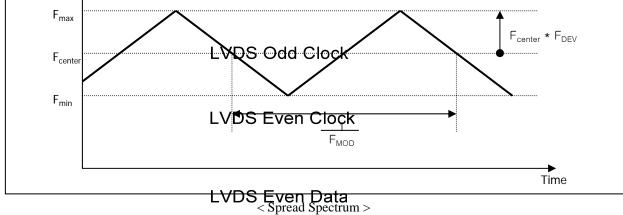
Description	Symbol	Min	Hax II		LVDS <sub>Notes</sub> (LVD	S-)
LVDS Clock to Data Skow Margin	t <sub>skew</sub> 0	V <sup>- 400</sup>	# V <sub>CI</sub> + 400	v = {( ps	Notes LVDS+) + (LVDS 85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz	5-) <b>}/</b> 2
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t <sub>skew</sub>	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz	
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t <sub>skew_eo</sub>	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T <sub>clk</sub>	-	
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F <sub>DEV</sub>	-	± 3	%	-	
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F <sub>MOD</sub>	-	200	KHz	-	



LP154WX5 Liquid Crystal Display

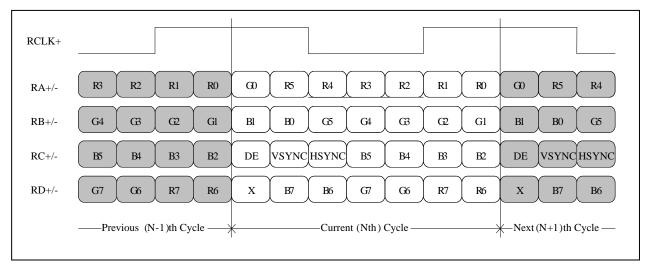
T<sub>clk</sub>





#### 3-3-3. Data Format

1) LVDS 1 Port



< LVDS Data Format >



Condition : VCC = 3.3V

#### **Product Specification**

#### 3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	-	66.1	-	MHz	
	Period	Thp	1328	1352	1376		
Hsync	Width	t <sub>wH</sub>	16	24	32	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WHA</sub>	1280	1280	1280		
	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	807	816	842		
Vsync	Width	t <sub>WV</sub>	2	6	10	tHP	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WVA</sub>	800	800	800		
	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	16	24	32		
Data	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	16	24	32	tCLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	4	7	16		
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	1	3	16	tHP	

#### Table 6. TIMING TABLE

#### 3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms

High: 0.7VCC Data Enable, Hsync, Vsync Low: 0.3VCC **t**clk 0.5 Vcc DCLK t<sub>HP</sub> Hsync t<sub>WH</sub> \$ twнa t<sub>HFP</sub> t<sub>HBP</sub> Data Enable t<sub>VP</sub> τ<sub>ων</sub>  $\langle\!\!\!\langle$ Vsync t<sub>VFP</sub> **t**wva t<sub>VBP</sub> Data Enable 11/31 Ver. 1.0 Jun. 23, 2008



#### **3-6. Color Input Data Reference**

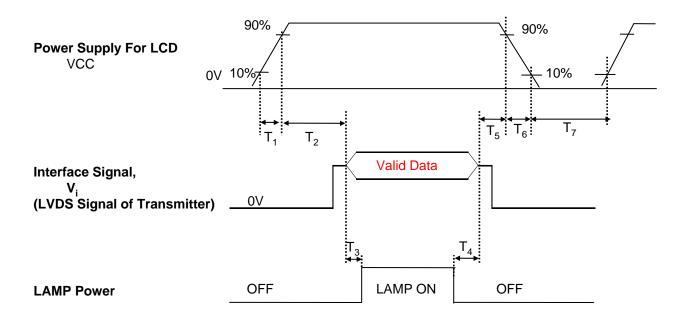
The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			R	ED					GRE	EEN					BL	UE		
		MSE						MSE					LSB						LSB
	1	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0		G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0 	0	0	0	0 		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 	0	0
	Red	1	1	1 	1 	1 	1	0 	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Green	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED												•••••			•••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN										•••••	 	•••••				· · · · · ·	••••• ••		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	····· 1
BLUE				•••••	•••••					•••••	• • • • • 	•••••			• • • • • •		••••• ••		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	 1		 1	 1	 1	 0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	 1		 1	 1	 1	 1

 Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE



#### 3-7. Power Sequence



Parameter		Value	Units	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	0	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	0	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	400	-	-	(ms)

Note)

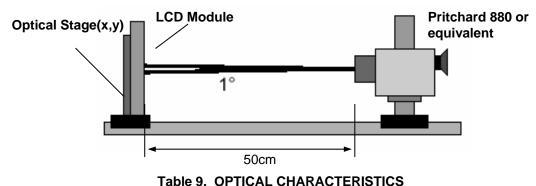
- 1. Valid Data is Data to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 4. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



#### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



#### FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

able 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

			Values	, OLK TOR			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	
Contrast Ratio	CR	300	400	-		1	
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	200	235	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2	
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	1.8	2.0	]	3	
Response Time	Tr <sub>R</sub> + Tr <sub>D</sub>		16		ms	4	
Color Coordinates					1		
RED	RX	0.570	0.600	0.630	1		
	RY	0.321	0.351	0.381			
GREEN	GX	0.295	0.325	0.355			
	GY	0.524	0.554	0.584	[		
BLUE	BX	0.124	0.154	0.184	[		
	BY	0.115	0.145	0.175	[		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343	[		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359			
Viewing Angle					]	5	
x axis, right( $\Phi$ =0°)	Θr	40	45		degree		
x axis, left ( $\Phi$ =180°)	ΘΙ	40	45		degree		
y axis, up ( $\Phi$ =90°)	Θu	10	15		degree		
y axis, down ( $\Phi$ =270°)	Θd	30	35		degree		
Gray Scale						6	



#### LP154WX5 Liquid Crystal Display

#### Product Specification

Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

 $L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_5)$ 

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring L<sub>N</sub> at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

 $\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \ \dots \ L_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \ \dots \ L_{13})}$ 

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.

6. Gray scale :	specification
-----------------	---------------

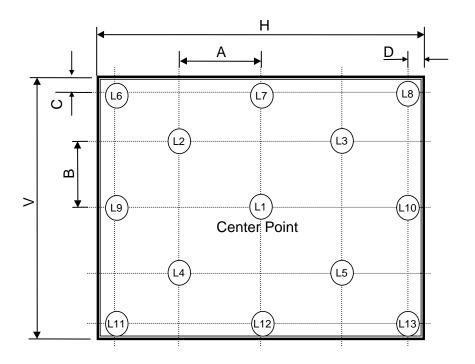
\*  $f_{V} = 60 Hz$ 

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0
L7	0.80
L15	4.25
L23	10.9
L31	21.0
L39	34.8
L47	52.5
L55	74.2
L63	100



#### FIG. 2 Luminance

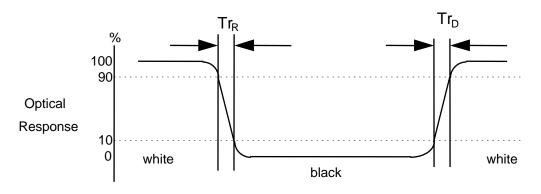
<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



H,V : ACTIVE AREA A : H/4 mm B : V/4 mm C : 10 mm D : 10 mm POINTS : 13 POINTS

#### FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

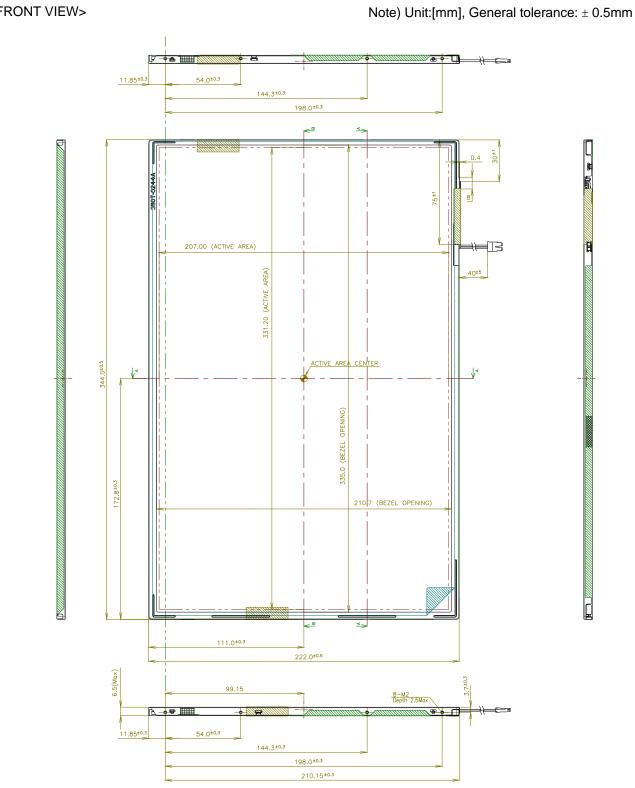




#### **5. Mechanical Characteristics**

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154WX5. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	$344.0\pm0.5\text{mm}$		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	$222.0\pm0.5\text{mm}$		
	Thickness	6.5mm (max)		
Bezel Area	Horizontal	$335.0\pm0.5\text{mm}$		
Dezel Alea	Vertical	$210.7\pm0.5\text{mm}$		
Active Display Area	Horizontal	331.2 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	207.0 mm		
Weight	575g (Max.)			
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment of the front polarizer			



<FRONT VIEW>

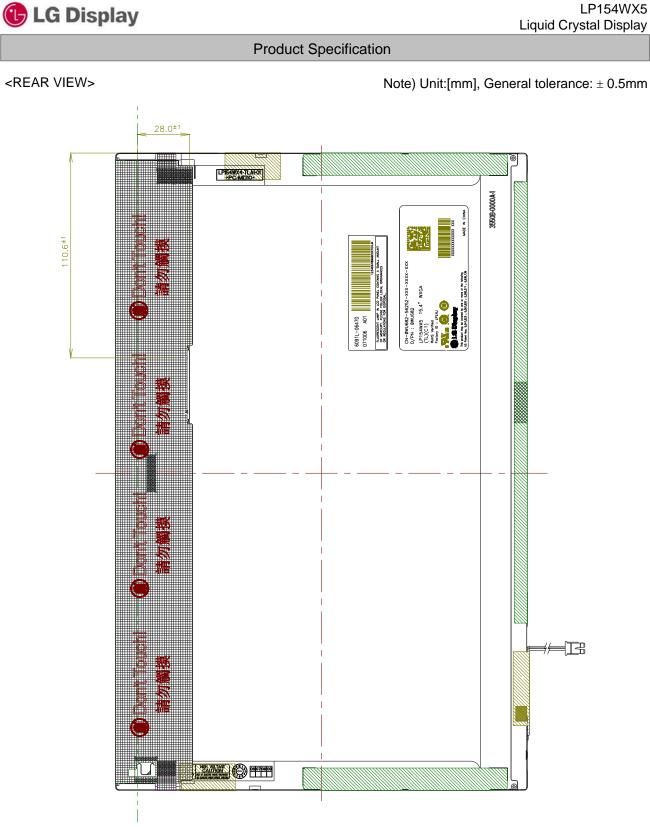
**(b)** LG Display

Ver. 1.0

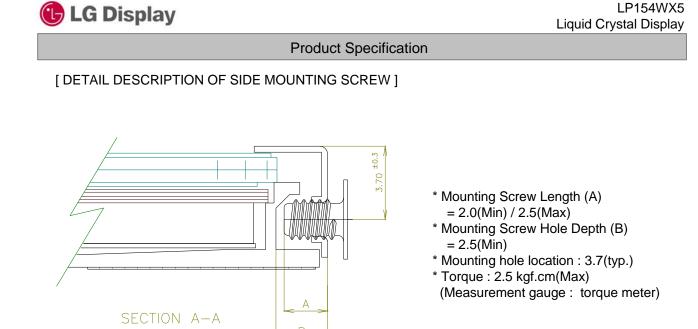
Jun. 23, 2008

18/31

LP154WX5 Liquid Crystal Display

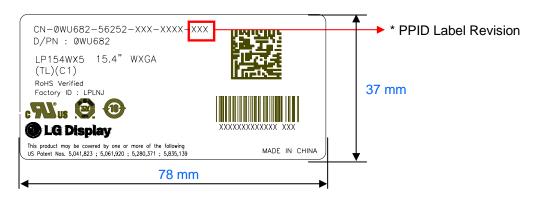


LP154WX5



Notes : 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.

[ DETAIL INFORMATION OF PPID LABEL AND REVISION CODE ]



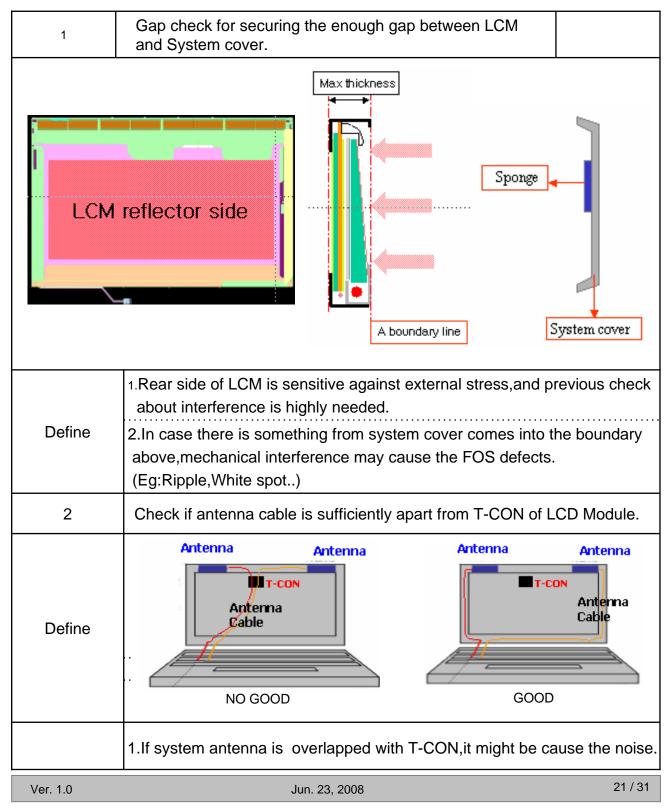
\* PPID Label Revision :

It is subject to change with Dell event. Please refer to the below table for detail.

Classification	No Change	1st Revision	2nd Revision	 9th Revision	
SST(WS)	X00	X01	X02	 A09	
PT(ES)	X10	X11	X12	 A19	
ST(CS)	X20	X21	X22	 A29	
XB(MP)	A00	A01	A02	 A09	



## LPL Proposal for system cover design.(Appendix)

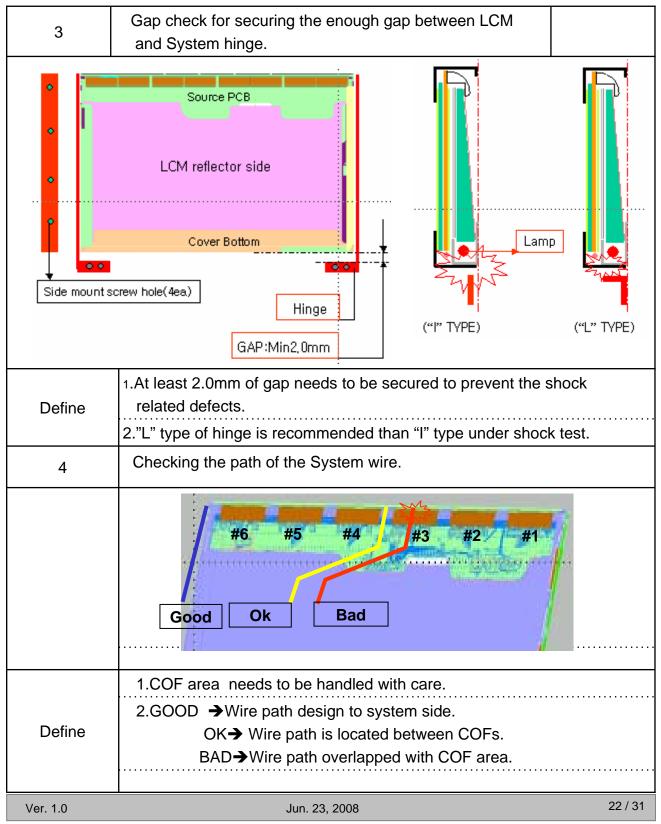


LP154WX5 Liquid Crystal Display



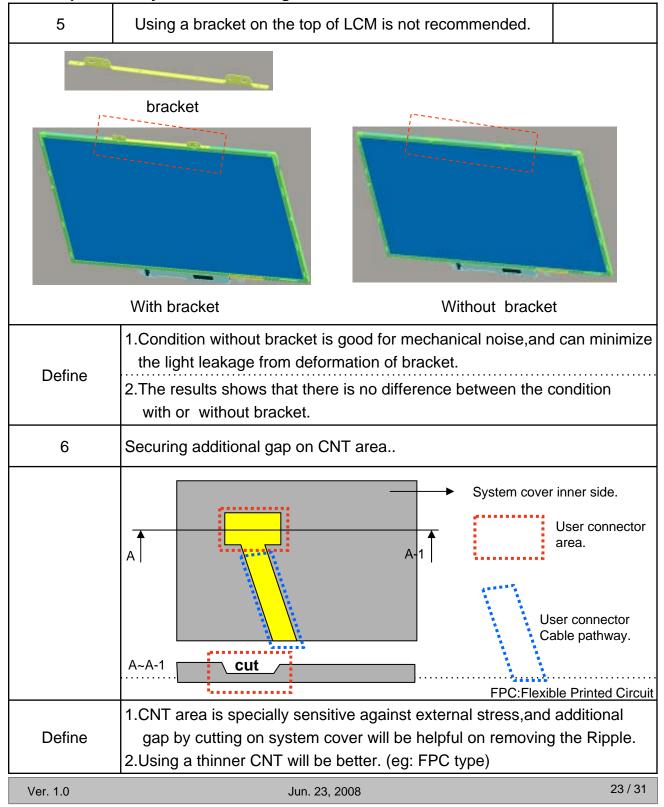
**Product Specification** 

#### LPL Proposal for system cover design.





#### LPL Proposal for system cover design.





## 6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



#### 7. International Standards

#### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1<sup>st</sup> Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC) European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992

b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.

c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



#### 8. Packing

#### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)
E : MONTH

D : YEAR F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

#### 8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 20 pcs
- b) Box Size : 395mm × 390mm × 306mm



## 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

## 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental)
- to the polarizer.)(7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm 200 mV$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

## 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.

Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



	Byte	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Pin)
	(Dec) 0	(Hex) 00	Header	(Hex)	(Bin) 0000000
	1	01	Header	FF	1111111
	2	02	Header	FF	1111111
Header	3	03	Header	FF	1111111
	4	04	Header	FF	1111111
Н	5	05	Header	FF	1111111
	6	06	Header	FF	1111111
	7	07	Header	00	0000000
	8	07	EISA manufacture code ( 3 Character ID ) LPL	32	0011001
	9	09	EISA manufacture code (Compressed ASC II)	0C	0000110
	-			-	0000000
et	10	0A op	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product Code 0000h	00	
np	11	0B	(Hex LSB first)	00	0000000
ro	12	0C	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	0000000
/ F	13	0D	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	0000000
or	14	0E	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	0000000
Vendor / Product	15	0F	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	0000000
Ve	16	10	Week of Manufacture 0 weeks	00	000000
	17	11	Year of Manufacture 2007 years	11	0001000
	18	12	EDID structure version # = 1	01	000000
	19	13	EDID revision #= 3	03	000000
Display	20	14	Video input Definition = Digital signal, 6 bit _ Dell only	90	1001000
	21	15	Max H image size (Rounded cm) = 33 cm	21	0010000
	22	16	Max V image size (Rounded cm) = 21 cm	15	0001010
Di	23	17	Display gamma = (gamma*100)-100 = Example:(2 2*100)-100=120 = 2 2 Gamma Feature Support (no_DPMS, no_Active Off/Very Low Power, KGB color display, 1 iming BLK 1,no_	78	0111100
	24	18	CTE)	<b>0</b> A	0000101
	25	19	Red/Green Low Bits (RxRy/GxGy)	<b>B7</b>	1011011
*	26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits (BxBy/WxWy)	85	1000010
nci	27	1B	Red X $Rx = 0.6$	99	1001100
Vendor / Product	28	1C	Red Y Ry =0 351	59	0101100
$P_{I}$	29	1D	Green X $Gx = 0.325$	53	010100
r/	30	1E	Green Y $Gy = 0.554$	8D	1000110
opı	31	1F	Blue X $Bx = 0.154$	27	0010011
/en	32	20	Blue Y $By = 0.145$	25	0010010
-	33	21	White X Wx =0 313	50	0101000
	34	22	White Y Wy =0 329	54	0101010
10	35	23	Established timing 1 (00h if not used)	00	0000000
Establ ished	36	24	Established timing 2 (00h if not used)	00	0000000
ES isi	37	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if not used)	00	0000000
	38	26	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
	39	27	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
	40	28	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
	41	29	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
0	42	25 2A	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
II i	43	2B	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
ing	44	2D 2C	Standard timing ID5 (01h in hot used) Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
Standard Timing ID	45	20 2D	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
L	46	2D 2E	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
ara	40	2E 2F	Standard timing ID5 (01h in not used) Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
ри	47	2F 30	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used) Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
ătai	48				000000
<b>v</b> 1		31	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used) Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	
	50	32	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
	51	33	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	0000000
	52	34	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	000000



## APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 2/3

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
	54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 66 1 MHz @ 59	91Hz <b>D1</b>	11010001
	55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	19	00011001
	56	38	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1280 Pixels	00	00000000
	57	39	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 72 Pixels	48	01001000
	58	3A	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	50	01010000
Ŀ	59	3B	Vertical Avtive 800 Lines	20	00100000
Timing Descriptor #1	60	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ for DE only panels) 16 Lines	10	00010000
pto	61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
ri	62	3E	Horizontal Sync Offset (Thfp) 24 Pixels	18	00011000
esc	63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 24 Pixels	18	00011000
Q	64	40	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp) : Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines : 6 Lines	36	00110110
ing	65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
im	66	42	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 331 mm	4B	01001011
Τ	67	43	Vertical Image Size (mm) 207 mm	CF	11001111
	68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	69	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	70	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
			Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate (Vsync_NEG, Hsync_POS), DE on	ly note :	
	71	47	LSB is set to 'l' if panel is DE-timing only H/V can be ignored	1B	00011011
	72	48	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 66 1 MHz @ 59	91Hz <b>D1</b>	11010001
	73	49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	19	00011001
	74	<b>4</b> A	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1280 Pixels	00	00000000
	75	4B	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 72 Pixels	48	01001000
	76	4C	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	50	01010000
2	77	4D	Vertical Avtive 800 Lines	20	00100000
r#	78	4E	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ for DE only panels) 16 Lines	10	00010000
oto	79	4F	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
rij	80	50	Horizontal Sync Offset (Thfp) 24 Pixels	18	00011000
Timing Descriptor #2	81	51	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 24 Pixels	18	00011000
q	82	52	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp) : Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines : 6 Lines	36	00110110
ng	83	53	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
imi	84	54	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 331 mm	4B	01001011
L I	85	55	Vertical Image Size (mm) 207 mm	CF	11001111
	86	56	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	87	57	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	88	58	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	89	59	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate ( Vsync_NEG, Hsync_POS ), DE onl		00011011
	90	5A	LSB is set to 'l' if panel is DE-timing only H/V can be ignored Flag	00	00000000
	90	5A 5B	Flag	00	00000000
	91	5D 5C	Flag	00	00000000
	92		·		
		5D	Data Type Tag : Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	FE	11111110
~	94		Flag	00	00000000
Timing Descriptor #3	95	5F	Dell P/N 1st Character = W Dell P/N 2nd Character = U	57	01010111
tor	96	60	Dell P/N 2nd Character = U	55	01010101
rip	97	61	Dell P/N 3rd Character = 6	36	00110110
SSC	98	62	Dell P/N 4th Character = 8	38	00111000
Dı	99	63	Dell P/N 5th Character = 2	32	00110010
Bu	100	64	EDID Revision Build Name = ST (CS), Revision # = X20	14	00010100
mi	101	65	Manufacturer P/N = 1	31	00110001
Ti	102	66	Manufacturer P/N = 5	35	00110101
	103	67	Manufacturer P/N = 4	34	00110100
	104	68	Manufacturer P/N = W	57	01010111
	105	69	Manufacturer P/N = X	58	01011000
	106	6A	Manufacturer P/N = 5	35	00110101
			Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remaining char	= 20h) <b>OA</b>	00001010



## APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 3/3

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
	108	6C	Flag	00	00000000
	109	6D	Flag	00	00000000
	110	6E	Flag	00	00000000
	111	6F	Data Type Tag : Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	112	70	Flag	00	00000000
#4	113	71	SMBUS Value(Step #1) = 10 nits	24	00100100
or	114	72	SMBUS Value(Step #2) = 17 nits	32	00110010
Timing Descriptor #4	115	73	SMBUS Value(Step #3) = 24 nits	3D	00111101
scr	116	74	SMBUS Value(Step #4) = 30 nits	45	01000101
De	117	75	SMBUS Value(Step #5) = 60 nits	68	01101000
ß	118	76	SMBUS Value(Step #6) = 110 nits	8B	10001011
nin	119	77	SMBUS Value(Step #7) = 150 nits	A7	10100111
Tin	120	78	SMBUS Value(Step #8) = Max nits (Typically = FFh, Max nits)	FF	11111111
	121	79	Single channel LVDS, No RTC support	01	00000001
	122	7A	BIST support	01	00000001
	123	7B	(If <13 char> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC $\Pi$ code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	0A	00001010
	124	7C	(If<13 char> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC $\Pi$ code 0Ah,set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
	125	7D	(If <13 char> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC $\Pi$ code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
Chec.	126	7E	Extension flag (# of optional 128 panel ID extension block to follow, Typ = 0)	00	00000000
Сћ	127	7F	Check Sum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this panel ID block shall = 0)	<b>A0</b>	10100000