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# NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

# TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL10276BC13-01

17cm (6.5 Type) XGA LVDS interface (1port)





This DATA SHEET is updated document from PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET DOD-PP-0538 (1).

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

#### INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Computers, office automation equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment, industrial robots, etc.

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Examples: Control systems for transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, medical equipment not specifically designed for life support, safety equipment, etc.

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Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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#### 1. OUTLINE

#### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL10276BC13-01 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

#### 1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

#### 1.3 FEATURES

- High resolution
- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- LED backlight type
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA-C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliance with the European RoHS directive (2002/95/EC)

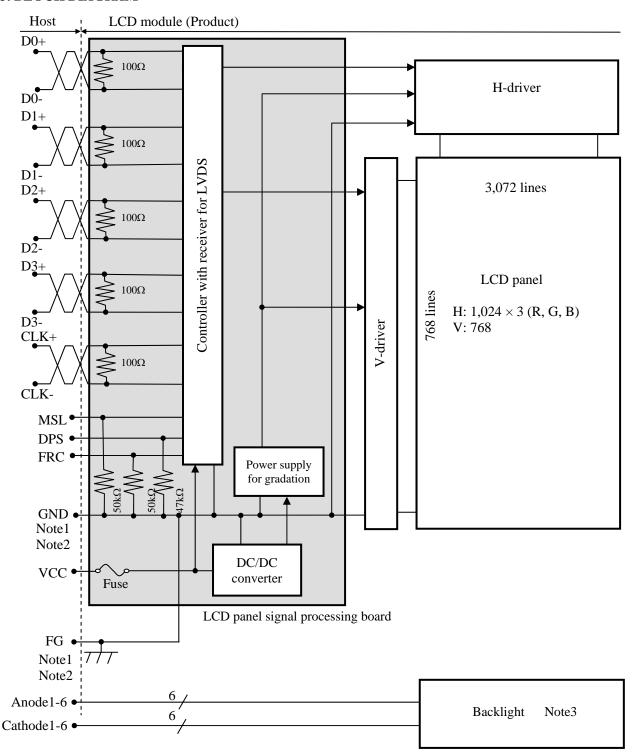
# 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	132.096 (H) × 99.072 (V) mm									
Diagonal size of display	17cm (6.5 inches)									
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix									
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)									
Pixel	1,024 (H) × 768 (V) pixels									
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe									
Dot pitch	$0.043 \text{ (H)} \times 0.129 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$									
Pixel pitch	$0.129 \text{ (H)} \times 0.129 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$									
Module size	153.0 (W) × 118.0 (H) × 9.0 (D) mm (typ.)									
Weight	165 g (typ.)									
Contrast ratio	500:1 (typ.)									
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1  • Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.)  • Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 60° (typ.)									
Designed viewing direction	• Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): normal axis (perpendicular)									
Polarizer surface	Clear									
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400]									
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 36 % (typ.) [against NTSC color space]									
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 25 ms (typ.)									
Luminance	$At IL=15mA$ $500 \text{ cd/m}^2 \text{ (typ.)}$									
Signal system	LVDS interface (1port) (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent)									
Signal System	8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)									
Power supply voltage										
	Data enable (DE)									

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#### 3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground), FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

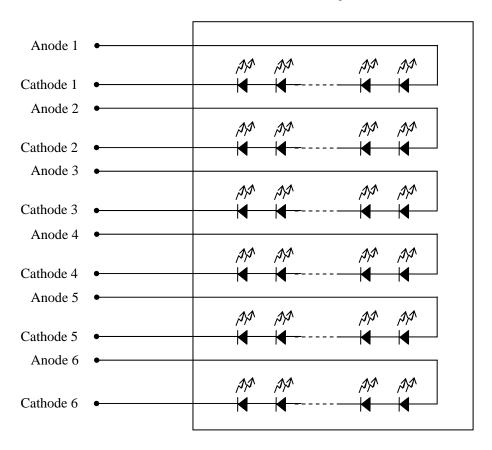
GND - FG

Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: Backlight in detail

# Backlight



#### 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

# 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$153.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 118.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 9.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	132.096 (H) × 99.072 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	165 (typ.), 185 (max.)		g

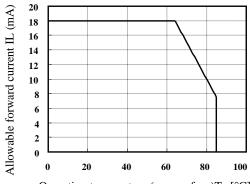
Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

#### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Paramete	er	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	LCD panel	signal processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	
Input voltage	D	isplay signals Note1	VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	-
for signals	Fu	nction signals Note2	VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	
Backlight	Pov	wer dissipation	PD	1.1	W	per one circuit
Backlight	Fo	rward current	IL	Note3	mA	per one circuit
	Storage tempe	erature	Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-
Operating ter	maratura	Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note4
Operating ter	nperature	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note5
				≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
	Relative hun	nidity	RH	≤ 85	%	40°C <ta≤ 50°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
	Note6		КП	≤ 55	%	50°C <ta≤ 60°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
				≤ 36	%	60°C <ta≤ 70°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
	Absolute hur Note6	nidity	AH	≤ 70 Note7	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta> 70°C

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-.

Note2: DPS, FRC, MSL. Note3: Forward current



Operating temperature (rear surface)Ta [°C]

Note4: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note5: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note6: No condensation

Note7: Water amount at  $Ta = 70^{\circ}C$  and RH = 36%

# 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	;	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current	ICC	-	410 Note1	660 Note2	mA	at VCC = 3.3V	
Permissible ripple volta	VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC	
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM=1.2V
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance	e	RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
DPS, FRC and MSL signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CIVIOS level
Input current for	High	IFH	-	-	300	μΑ	
FRC and MSL signals	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μΑ	-

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

# 4.3.2 Backlight

(Ta=25°C, Note1, Note2)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	15	18	mA	Note3
Forward voltage	VL	-	27.9	31.5	V	at IL=15mA

Note1: Please drive with constant current.

Note2: The Luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 6 circuits. It is recommended that the current value difference between each circuit is less than 5%.

Note3: See "4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Note3".

# 4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

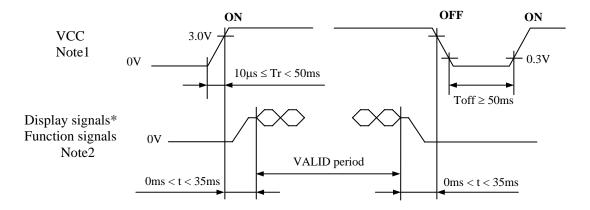
#### 4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter	Fu	ise	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
r arameter	Туре	Supplier	Kating	rusing current	Kemarks
VCC	FCC16162AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.6A	3.2A	Note1
VCC	FCC10102AB	CO., LTD.	32V	3.2 <b>A</b>	Note1

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

#### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

# 4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



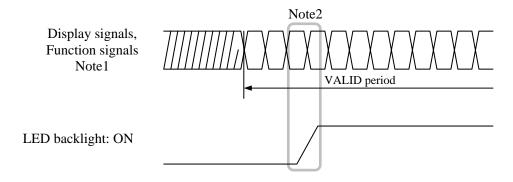
<sup>\*</sup> These signals should be measured at the terminal of  $100\Omega$  resistance.

Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V, a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC, MSL) must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If customer stops the display and function signals, they should be cut VCC.

# 4.4.2 Backlight lighting circuit



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

#### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

# 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Auapt	able plug.	1.1-	3203 (Japan	Aviation Electronic	s mausify Limit	Ju (JAL))					
ъ.				Input data signal							
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	8bit		a.	Remarks					
NO.			MAP A	MAP B	- 6bit						
1	D3+ or GND	Pixel data or Ground	R0-R1, G0-G1,	R6-R7, G6-G7,	Ground	Note1, Note3,					
2	D3- or GND	Pixel data or Ground	B0-B1	B6-B7	Ground	Note4					
3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High: Low or Open:	Reverse scan Normal scan		Note2					
4	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	High Low or Open								
5	GND	Ground		Note4							
6	CLK+	· Pixel clock		Pixel clock		Note3					
7	CLK-	1 IACI CIOCK		I IACI CIUCK							
8	GND	Ground		Ground							
9	D2+	· Pixel data	B4-B7, DE	, DE	Note3						
10	D2-				, – –	- 12 12					
11	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4					
12	D1+	· Pixel data	G3-G7, B2-B3	G1-G5, 1	B0-B1	Note3					
13	D1-		,	,							
14	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4					
15	D0+	Pixel data	R2-R7, G2	R0-R5	, G0	Note3					
16	D0-		., -								
17	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4					
18	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low	Low	Note5						
19	VCC	Power supply Power supply									
20	VCC	- 5 er supprj		Note4							

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

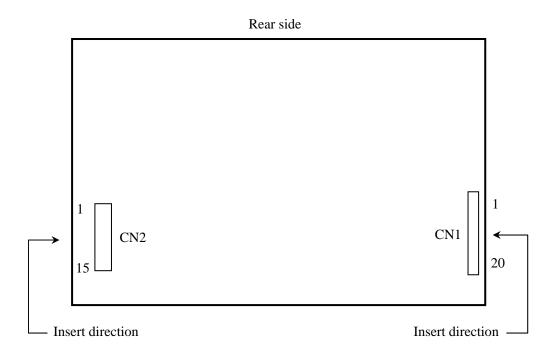
Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

# 4.5.2 Backlight

CN2 plug (LCD module side): DF14A-15P-1.25H(56) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.(HRS))
Adaptable socket: DF14-15S-1.25C (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.(HRS))

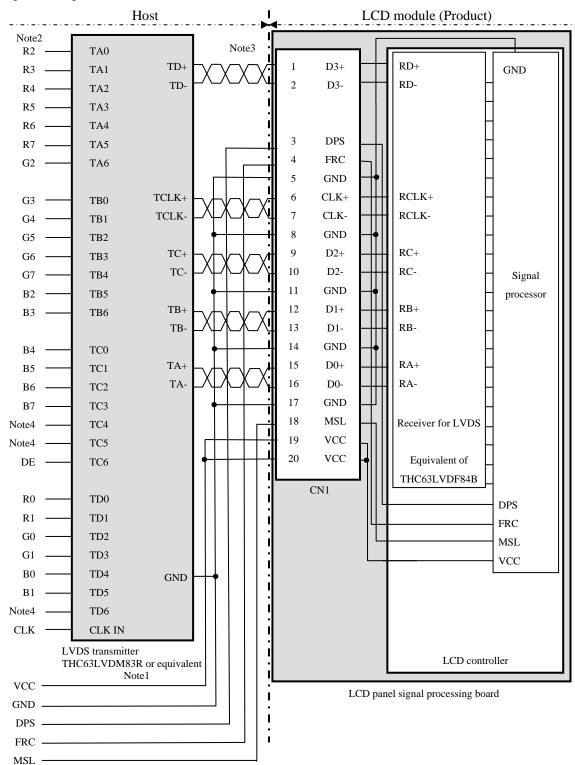
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	A1	Anode1	-
2	K1	Cathode1	-
3	A2	Anode2	-
4	K2	Cathode2	-
5	A3	Anode3	-
6	K3	Cathode3	-
7	A4	Anode4	-
8	K4	Cathode4	-
9	A5	Anode5	-
10	K5	Cathode5	-
11	A6	Anode6	-
12	K6	Cathode6	-
13	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
14	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
15	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.

# 4.5.3 Positions of plugs and a socket



#### 4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



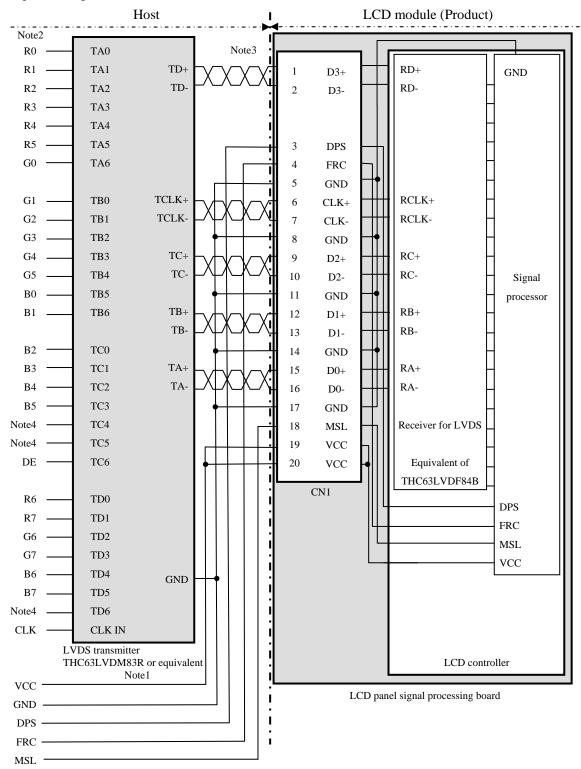
Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.





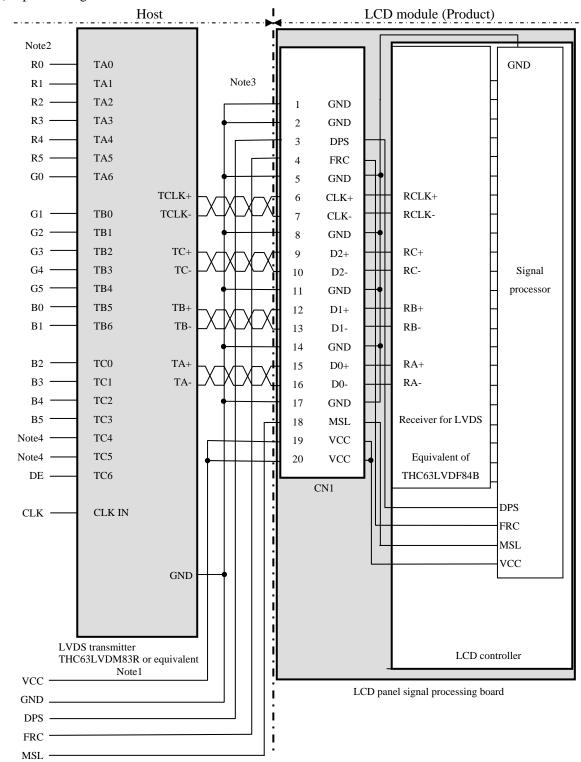
Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

#### (3) Input data signal: 6bit



Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

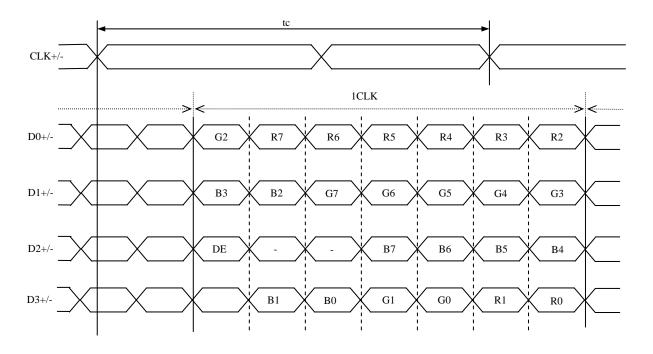
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

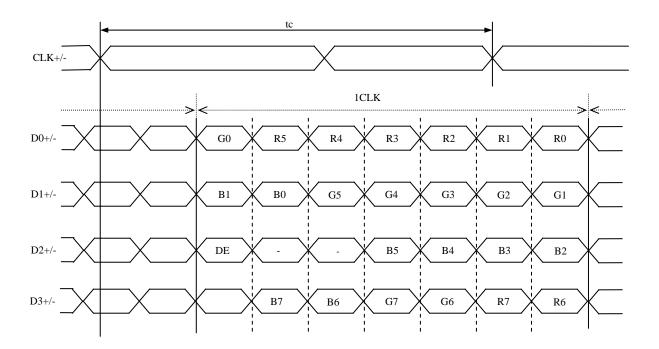
Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.

# 4.5.5 Input data mapping

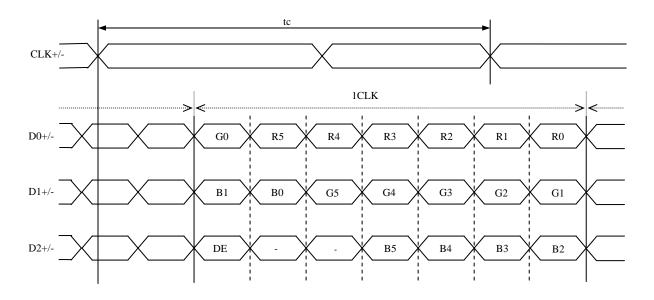
# (1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



# (2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B



# (3) Input data signal: 6bit



#### 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

# 4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal. See following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8 bit	Map A	D3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Note1
2	8 bit	Map B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
3	6 bit	-	GND	Low or open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "**4.6.2 16,777,216 colors**". Note2: See "**4.6.3 262,144 colors**".

# 4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales by combination ① and ②. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal** ".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Displa	y colors																	evel)							
2 ispin	., •01015	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	7 G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ø		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay	<b>↑</b>					:								:								:			
Red gray scale	$\downarrow$					:								:								:			
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
' sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray	<b>↑</b>					:								:								:			
Green gray scale	$\downarrow$	_		_		:		_						:				_	_			:	_		
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	1					:								:								:			
ie g	<b>V</b>		0	0	0	:	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	:	0	0	0		1	1	1	:	1	0	1
Blt	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Dlue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display equivalent of 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal** ".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors							Data	a sign	al (0:	Low	level	, 1: F	ligh le	evel)					
Display	COIOIS	R 5	R4	R3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B 5	B4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
col	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
B2	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	$\uparrow$			:	:						:						:		
Red gray scale	$\downarrow$			:	:						:						:		
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
SC	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	<b>↑</b>			;	:						:						:		
s ua	$\downarrow$			:	:						:						:		
Gree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	~	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	<b>↑</b>			:	:			:				:							
9 99	$\downarrow$				:						:				_		:		
Blu	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	D.I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

#### 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0)  R G	В					
C(0, 0)	C( 1, 0)		C( X, 0)		C(1022, 0)	C(1023, 0)
C( 0, 1)	C( 1, 1)		C( X, 1)		C(1022, 1)	C(1023, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•		•	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C( 0, Y)	C( 1, Y)	• • •	C(X,Y)	• • •	C(1022, Y)	C(1023, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, 766)	C(1,766)	• • •	C( X, 766)		C(1022, 766)	C(1023, 766)
C( 0, 767)	C( 1, 767)		C( X, 767)		C(1022, 767)	C(1023, 767)

#### 4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

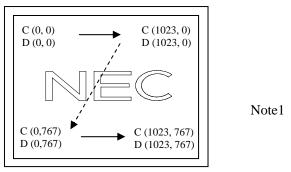


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

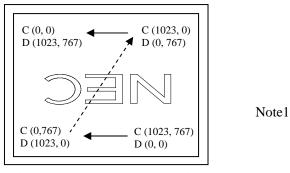


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C(X, Y) and D(X, Y)

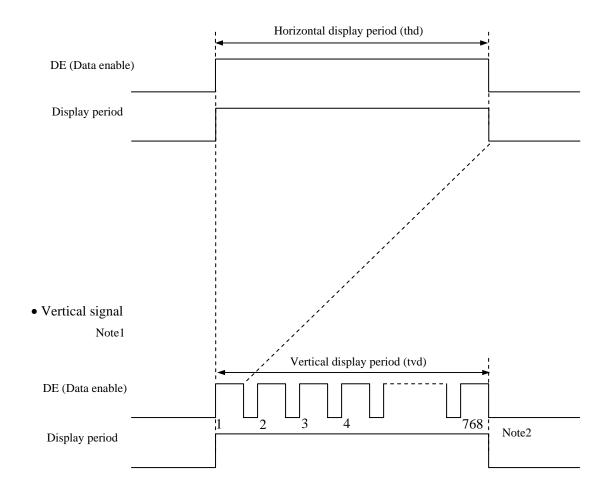
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

# 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

# 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal
Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

# 4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

	Parameter			min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Free	1/tc	60.0	65.0	68.0	MHz	15.385 ns (typ.)		
CLK	I	Outy	-				-		
	Rise tim	e, Fall time	-		-		ns	-	
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-						
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-	-			ns	-	
	Rise tim	e, Fall time	-	-					
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	19.67	20.676	22.4	μs		
			ui	-	1,344	1	CLK	48.363 kHz (typ.)	
		Display period	thd		1,024		CLK		
	37 1	Cycle	tv	13.3	16.666	18.5	ms		
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	ιν	780	806	-	Н	60.0 Hz (typ.)	
	(one name)	Display period	tvd		768		Н		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-		•		ns		
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-	-		ns	-		
Rise time, Fall time		-				ns			

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

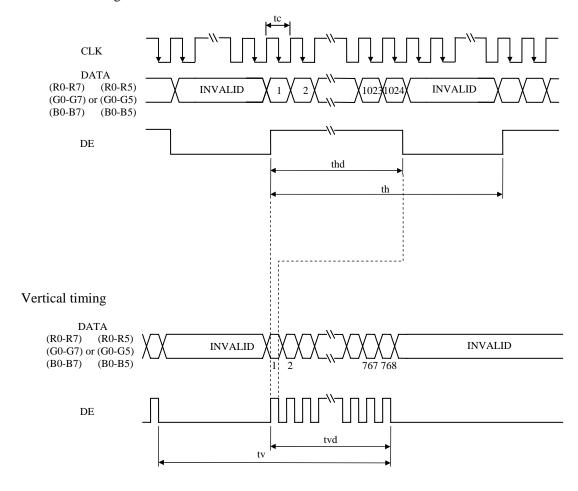
tc = 1CLK, th = 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

# 4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

# Horizontal timing



#### **4.10 OPTICS**

#### 4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

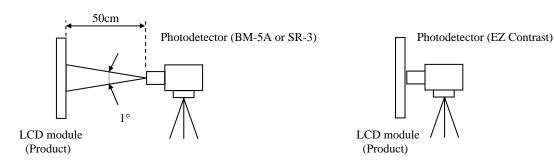
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	300	500	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	BM-5A	-
Contrast ra	ıtio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	300	500	-	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	<b>x</b> coordinate	Wx	0.283	0.313	0.343	-		
	winte	y coordinate	Wy	0.299	0.329	0.359	-	-	
	Red	<b>x</b> coordinate	Rx	-	0.568	-	-		
Chamatiaity		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.366	-	-		
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.348	-	-	SR-3	Note5
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.518	-	-	SK-3	Notes
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.152	-	-		
	Diue	y coordinate	By	-	0.142	-	-		
Color gamut		$\theta$ R= 0°, $\theta$ L= 0°, $\theta$ U= 0°, $\theta$ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	С	33	36	-	%		
Response ti	ima	White to Black	Ton	-	6	8	ms	BM-5A	Note6
Kesponse ti	illie	Black to White	Toff	-	19	26	ms	DIVI-JA	Note7
	Right	$\theta$ U= 0°, $\theta$ D= 0°, CR $\geq$ 10	θR	70	80	-	0		
Viewine engle	Left	$\theta$ U= 0°, $\theta$ D= 0°, CR $\geq$ 10	θL	70	80	-	0	EZ	Nota
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ},  \theta L = 0^{\circ},  CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ},  \theta L = 0^{\circ},  CR \ge 10$	θD	50	60	-	0		

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IL= 15mA, Display mode: XGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/48.363kHz, Vertical cycle = 1/60.0Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF = 28°C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

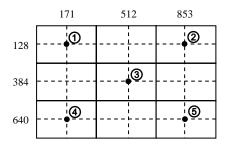
#### 4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

# 4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

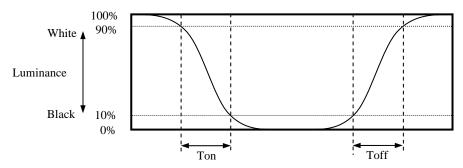
The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

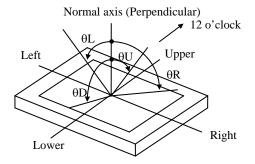


# 4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



# 4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



#### 5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME



The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

# This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Condition	Estimated luminance lifetime (MTTF) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit
Module	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, IL= 15mA	13,000	h

Note1: MTTF is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

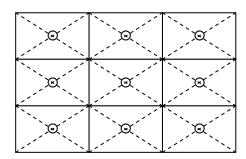
Note3: The Luminance life-time is estimated from module Luminance life-time results (n=5) of the representative products. It might be vary with the characteristic of individual LEDs.

# 6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is black.	
High temperature (Operation)	<ul> <li>① 70 ± 3°C, 240hours</li> <li>② Display data is black.</li> </ul>	
Heat cycle (Operation)	<ul> <li>① -20 ± 3°C1hour 70 ± 3°C1hour</li> <li>② 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle</li> <li>③ Display data is black.</li> </ul>	
Thermal shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes</li> <li>100cycles, 1hour/cycle</li> <li>Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions
ESD (Operation)	<ul> <li>① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV</li> <li>② 9 places on a panel surface Note2</li> <li>③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval</li> </ul>	
Dust (Operation)	<ul> <li>① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901))</li> <li>② 15 seconds stir</li> <li>③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval</li> </ul>	
Vibration (Non operation)	<ul> <li>5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s²</li> <li>1 minute/cycle</li> <li>X, Y, Z directions</li> <li>120 times each directions</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions No physical damages
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>539m/s², 11ms</li> <li>±X, ±Y, ±Z directions</li> <li>5 times each directions</li> </ul>	no physical damages

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



#### 7. PRECAUTIONS

#### 7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself, if customer has wrong operations.

#### 7.2 CAUTIONS



- \* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of burn injury.
- \* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 539m/s² and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6 N (\$\phi\$16mm jig))

# 7.3 ATTENTIONS



#### 7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② Do not hook nor pull cables in order to avoid any damage.
- 3 When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 4 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.147N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑦ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, use of the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD is recommended.
- On not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- <sup>®</sup> Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal for the worst, please wash it out with soap.

#### 7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- 2 In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- 4 This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

#### 7.3.3 Characteristics

#### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- 4 The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- © The interference noise between input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of backlight driving circuit may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of backlight driving circuit so that the interference noise does not appear.

#### 7.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing LED backlight.
- 4 Pay attention not to insert foreign materials inside of the product, when using tapping screws.
- ⑤ Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repair and so on.
- (6) The information of China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows

China RoHS directive six l hazardous substances or elements								
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)			
×	0	0	0	0	0			

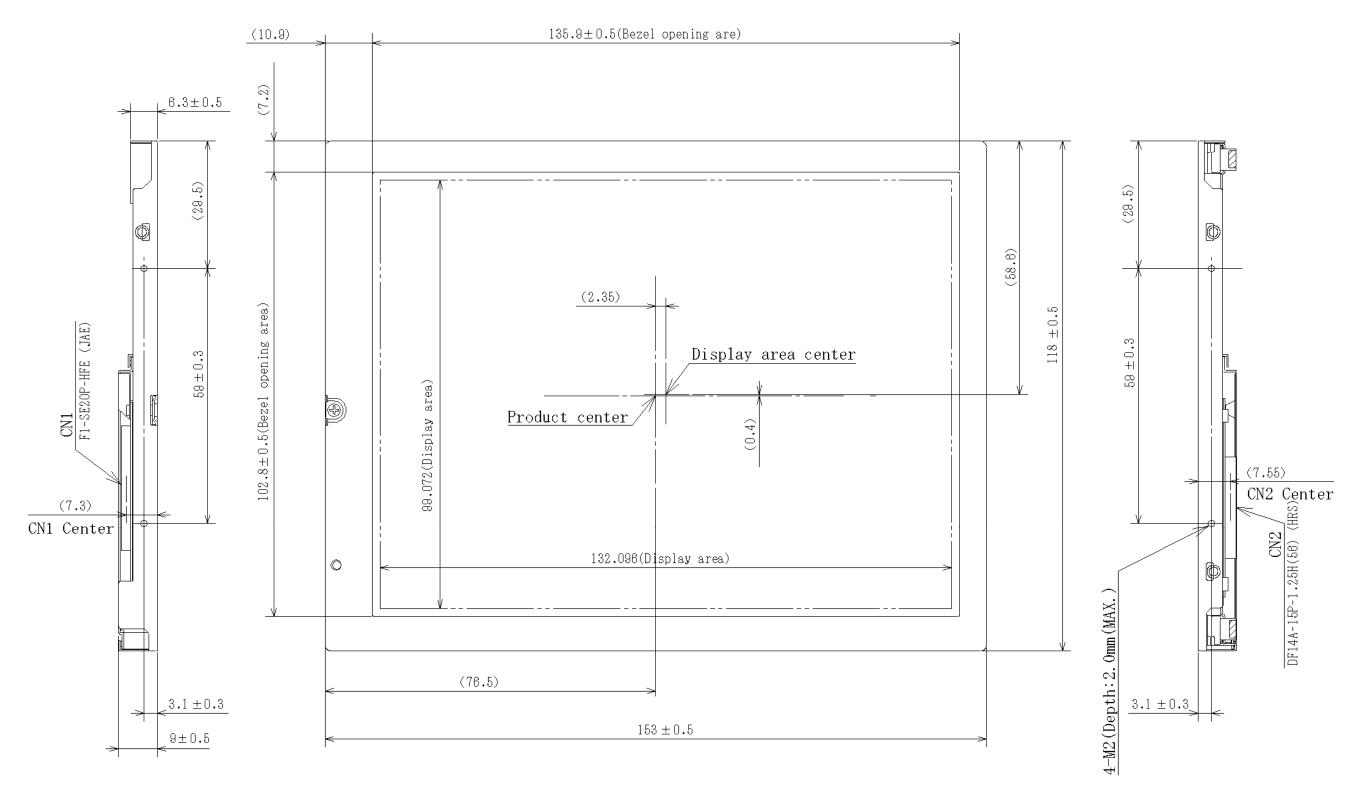
Note1: (): This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

샀

# 8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

# 8.1 FRONT VIEW

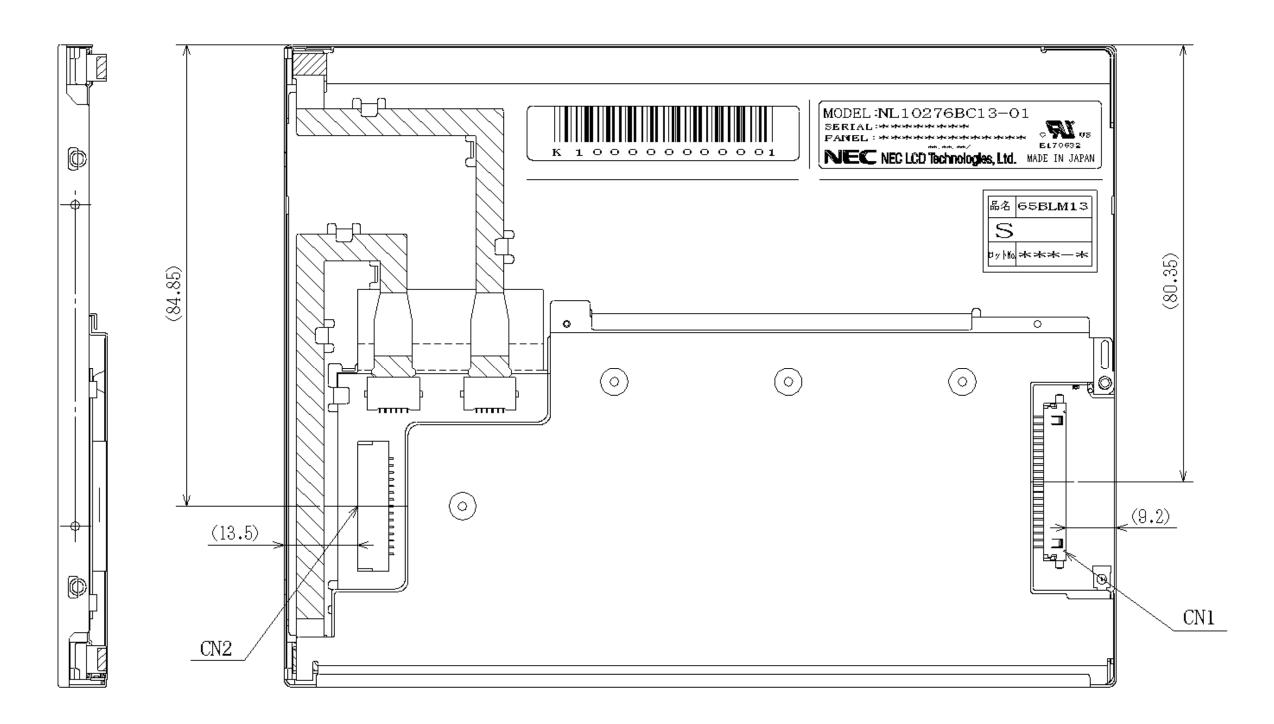


Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.147N·m.

Unit: mm

# 8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.147N·m.

Unit: mm

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