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NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL10276BC20-18

26cm (10.4 Type) XGA LVDS interface (1port)

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET =

DOD-PP-0728 (2nd edition)

This PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-0598(1).

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Control systems for transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, medical equipment not specifically designed for life support, safety equipment, etc.

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Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	2
1 OUTLINE	
1. OUTLINE	
1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE	
1.2 APPLICATION	
1.3 FEATURES	4
2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3. BLOCK DIAGRAM	6
4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS	
4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.3.2 Backlight	10
4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple	10
4.3.4 Fuse	10
4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE	11
4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board	11
4.4.2 LED lighting circuit	11
4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS	12
4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.5.2 Backlight lamp	13
4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket.	13
4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS	14
4.5.5 Input data mapping	17
4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS	18
4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal	
4.6.2 16,777,216 colors	19
4.6.3 262,144 colors	
4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS	
4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS	
4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS	22
4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings	22
4.9.2 Timing characteristics	23
4.9.3 Input signal timing chart	24
4.10 OPTIĈS	
4.10.1 Optical characteristics	
4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio	
4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity	
4.10.4 Definition of response times	26
4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles	26
5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME	27
6. RELIABILITY TESTS	28
7. PRECAUTIONS	
7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS	29
7.2 CAUTIONS	29
7.3 ATTENTIONS	29
7.3.1 Handling of the product	29
7.3.2 Environment	30
7.3.3 Characteristics	
7.3.4 Other	30
8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS	31
8.1 FRONT VIEW	
8.2 REAR VIEW	
DEVICEON HIGHORY	2.2

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NL10276BC20-18

1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL10276BC20-18 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

- Wide Viewing Angle,
- High Contrast
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- LED backlight type
- Replaceable lamp holder for backlight

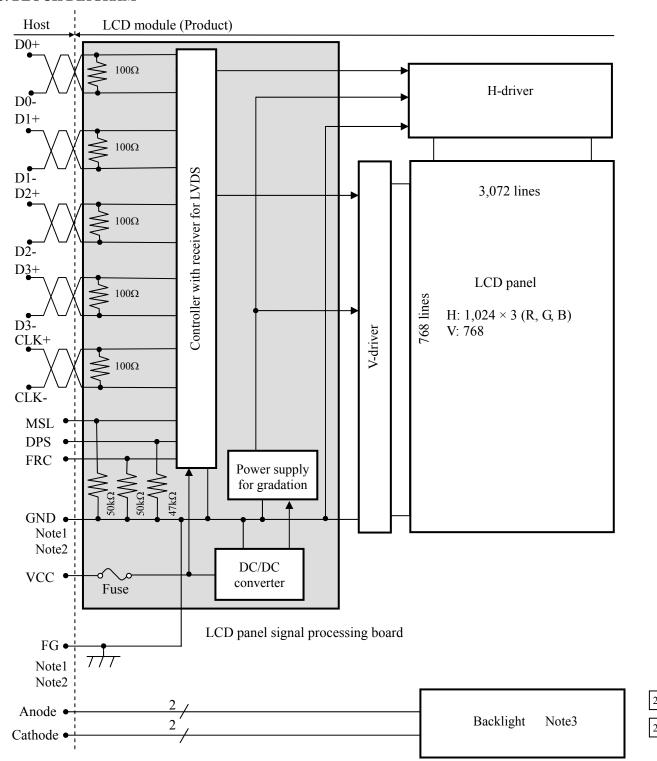
2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	210.432 (H) × 157.824 (V) mm						
Diagonal size of display	26cm (10.4 inches)						
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix						
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)						
Pixel	1,024 (H) × 768 (V) pixels						
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe						
Dot pitch	0.0685 (H) × 0.2055 (V) mm						
Pixel pitch	0.2055 (H) × 0.2055 (V) mm						
Module size	228.0 (W) × 178.5 (H) × 8.7 (D) mm (typ.)						
Weight	380 g (typ.)						
Contrast ratio	(1,000: 1) (typ.)						
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.)						
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒2.2): normal axis (perpendicular) 						
Polarizer surface	Clear						
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400]						
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40 % (typ.) [against NTSC color space]						
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 18 ms (typ.)						
Luminance	At $IL=60mA/one\ circuit$ (400) cd/m^2 (typ.)						
Signal system	LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) 8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)						
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V						
Backlight	LED backlight type: Replaceable part Lamp holder set: Type No. TBD						
Power consumption	At IL= 60mA/one circuit, Checkered flag pattern 5.0 W (typ.)						

2

2

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground), FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND - FG Connected

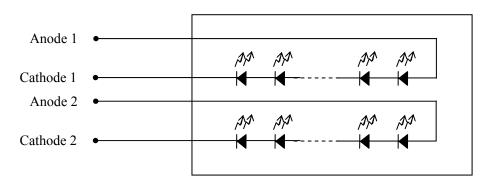
Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

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Note3: Backlight in detail





4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$228.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 178.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 8.7 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	210.432 (H) × 157.824 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	380 (typ.), 400 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Paramete	r	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	LCD panel si	ignal processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	
Input voltage	Dis	splay signals Note1	VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	v	Ta = 25°C
for signals	Fun	ction signals Note2	VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	v	
Backlight	Pow	er dissipation	PD	TBD	W	per one circuit
Backlight	For	ward current	IL	TBD	mA	per one circuit
	Storage tempe	rature	Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-
Operating to	Front surface		TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3
Operating te	imperature	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note4
				≤ 95	%	Ta≤ 40°C
	Relative hum	idity	RH	≤ 85	%	40°C <ta≤ 50°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
	Note5		KII	≤ 55	%	50°C <ta≤ 60°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
				≤ 36	%	60°C <ta≤ 70°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
	Absolute hum Note5	nidity	АН	≤ 70 Note6	g/m ³	Ta> 70°C

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC, MSL

Note3: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at $Ta = 70^{\circ}C$ and RH = 36%

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NL10276BC20-18

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-		
Power supply current		ICC	-	400 Note1	730 Note2	mA	at VCC = 3.3V		
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC		
Differential input threshold	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM=1.2V		
voltage for LVDS receiver	OS receiver Low		S receiver Low		-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-		
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level		
DPS, FRC and MSL signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CIVIOS IEVEI		
Input current for	High	IFH	-	-	300	μΑ			
FRC and MSL signals	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μΑ	-		

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

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4.3.2 Backlight

(Ta= 25°C, Note1)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	60	TBD	mA	-
Forward voltage	VL	-	30.4	35.1	V	at IL= 60mA

Note1: Please drive with constant current.

Note2: The Luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 2 circuits. It is recommended that the current value difference between each circuit is less than 5%.



4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supp	ly voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

4.3.4 Fuse

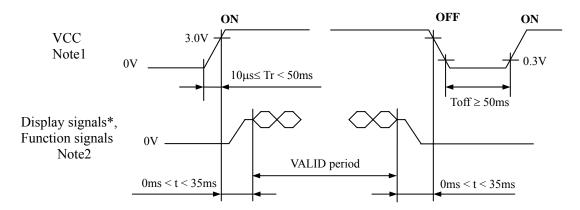
Parameter		Fuse	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
1 drameter	Туре	Supplier	Rating	r using current	Remarks	
VCC	FCC16202AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	2.0 A	4.0 A	Note1	
VCC	1°CC10202AB	Co., Ltd.	32 V	4.0 A	Note1	

2

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



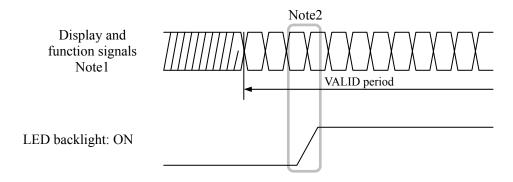
^{*} These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V, a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC, MSL) must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If customer stops the display and function signals, they should be cut VCC.

4.4.2 LED lighting circuit



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Adaptable plug: F1-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)) Input data signal: 8bit Input data										
Pin	No.	Symbol	Signal			Input data	Remarks			
	1,0.	Syllicor	5181141	MAP A	MAP B	signal: 6bit				
1	A	D3+	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	-	Note1, Note2			
	В	GND	Ground		-	Ground	Note3			
2	A	D3-	Pixel data R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1 R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7 -				Note1, Note2			
	В	GND	Ground		-	Ground	Note3			
(3)	3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	· · ·	Reverse scan Normal scan		Note4			
2	1	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	gh	Low or Open	Note1 Note5			
4	5	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3			
e	5	CLK+	Pixel clock		Pixel clock		Note2			
1.7	7	CLK-	1 ixel clock		Note2					
8	3	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3			
ç)	D2+	Pixel data	B4-B7,DE	E	Note2				
1	0	D2-	rixei uata	B4-B7,DE	·E	Notez				
1	1	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3			
1	2	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5,B0-	D 1	Note2			
1	3	D1-	rixei uata	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G3,B0-	-Б1	Notez			
1	4	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3			
1	5	D0+	Pixel data	R2-R7,G2	R0-R5,G		Note2			
1	6	D0-	1 IACI Uata	K2-K/,U2	KU-K3,G		NOICZ			
1	7	GND	Ground		Note3					
1	8	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low	Low	Note5				
1	9	VCC	Power supply		Note3					
2	0	VCC	1 ower suppry		Note3					

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note4: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

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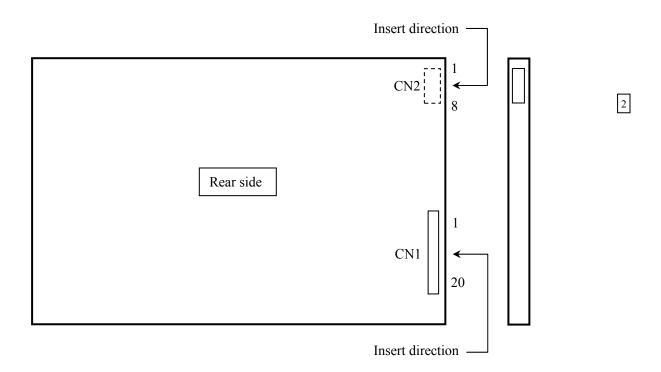
4.5.2 Backlight lamp

CN2 plug (LCD module side): SM8B-SRSS-TB (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable socket: SHR-8V-S (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

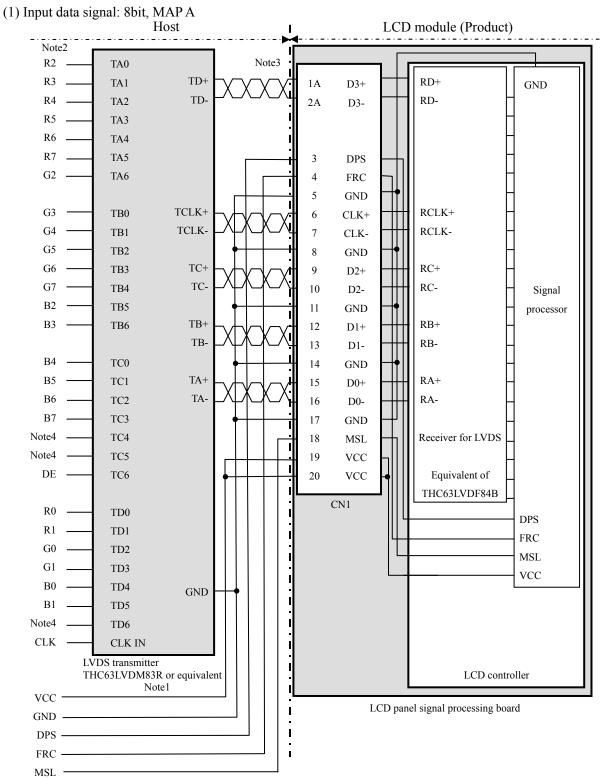
		2 0 1 2 (01.20121 21.22)	
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	A1	Anode1	-
2	K1	Cathode1	-
3	A2	Anode2	-
4	K2	Cathode2	-
5	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
6	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
7	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
8	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.

2

4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket



4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

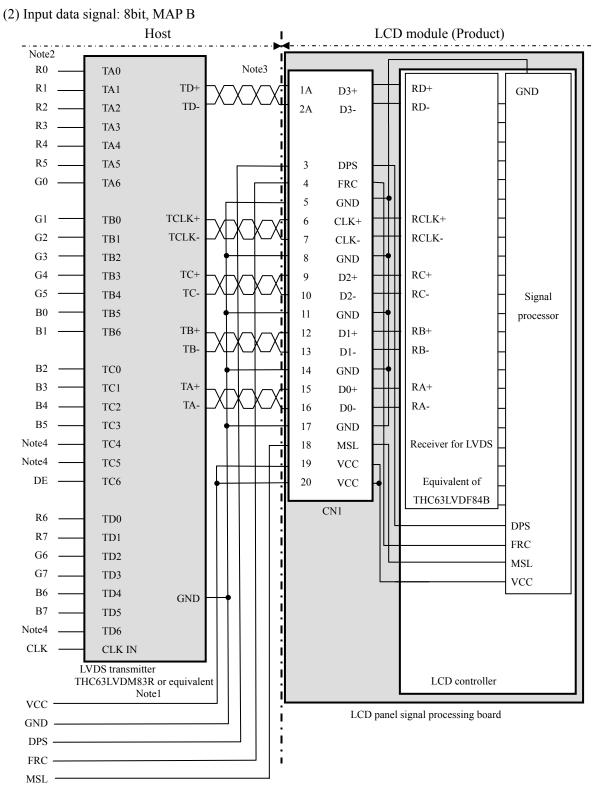


Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.



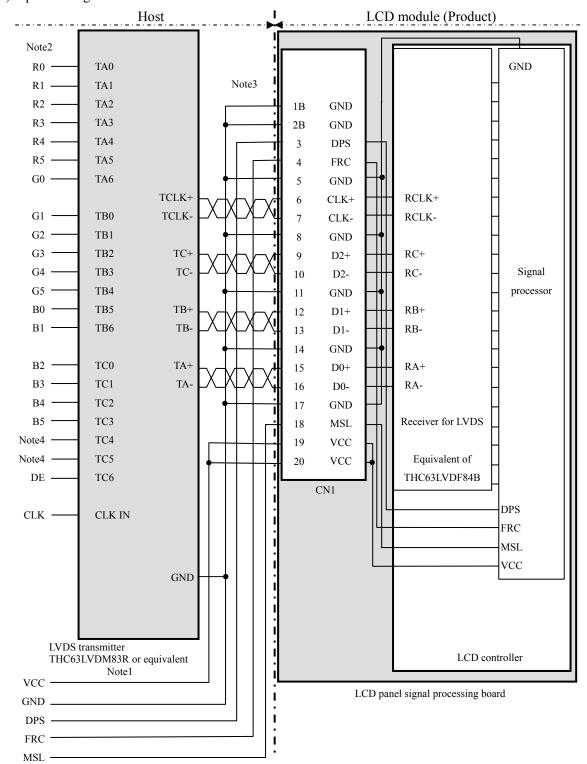
Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

(3) Input data signal: 6bit



Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

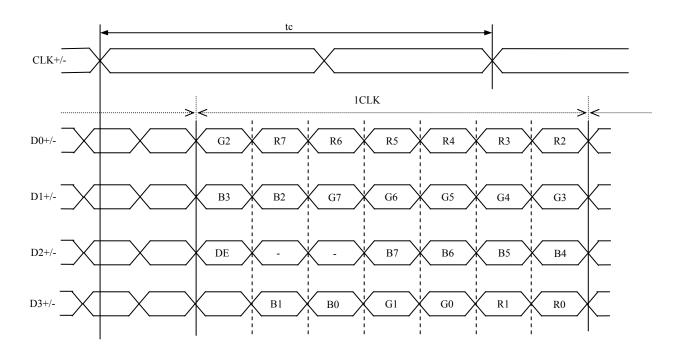
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

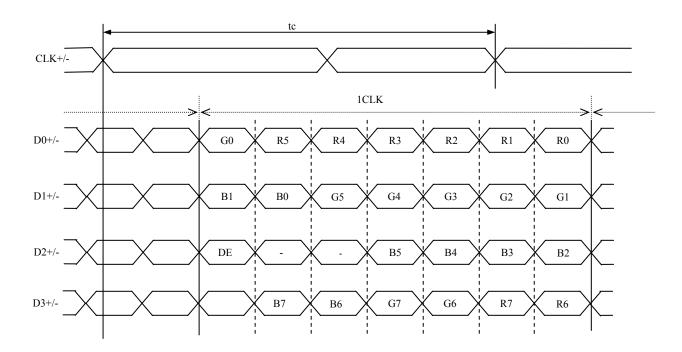
Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.

4.5.5 Input data mapping

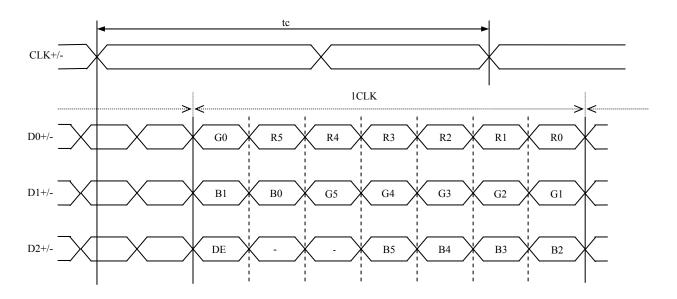
(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B



(3) Input data signal: 6bit



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal. See following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8 bit	MAP A	D3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Note1
2	8 bit	MAP B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
3	6 bit	-	GND	Low or open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "**4.6.2 16,777,216 colors**". Note2: See "**4.6.3 262,144 colors**".

4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales by combination ① and ②. (See "4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display	colors	Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High lev						evel) B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0																	
y		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G	7 G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6		B4	В3		В1	
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ısic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\mathbf{B}_{2}	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>e</u>		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay	↑													:								:			
d gr	\downarrow													:								:			
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	- ·	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
' sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
graλ	↑													:								:			
Green gray scale	\downarrow					:								:								:			
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Je		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ray	↑													:								:			
Blue gray scale	\downarrow	_	_			:			_		0		0	:	0		0	١.				:			
Blu	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	l	l	l	1	1	0	1
	D1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	l	l	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	l	1	1	1	1

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display equivalent of 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal**".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors							Data		al (0:	Low	level	, 1: F	Iigh le	vel)					
Display	COIOIS	R 5	R4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	B4	В3	В2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
col	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a)		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	\uparrow			:							:						:		
gra	\downarrow			:							:						:		
Red gray scale	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ile		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	\uparrow			:							:						:		
Green gray scale	\downarrow			:													:		
iree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ay s	\uparrow			:							:						:		
Blue gray scale	\downarrow			:							:						:		
3luc	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0) R G B								
*								
$\left(\begin{array}{ccc} C(&0,&0) \end{array}\right)$	C(1, 0)	• • •	C(X, 0)	• • •	C(1022, 0)	C(1023, 0)		
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)	• • •	C(X, 1)	• • •	C(1022, 1)	C(1023, 1)		
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •		
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)	• • •	C(X, Y)	• • •	C(1022, Y)	C(1023, Y)		
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•		
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
C(0, 766)	C(1, 766)	• • •	C(X, 766)	• • •	C(1022, 766)	C(1023, 766)		
C(0, 767)	C(1, 767)	• • •	C(X, 767)	• • •	C(1022, 767)	C(1023, 767)		

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

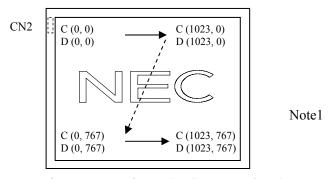


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

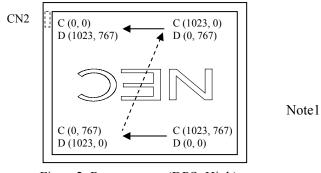


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C(X, Y) and D(X, Y)

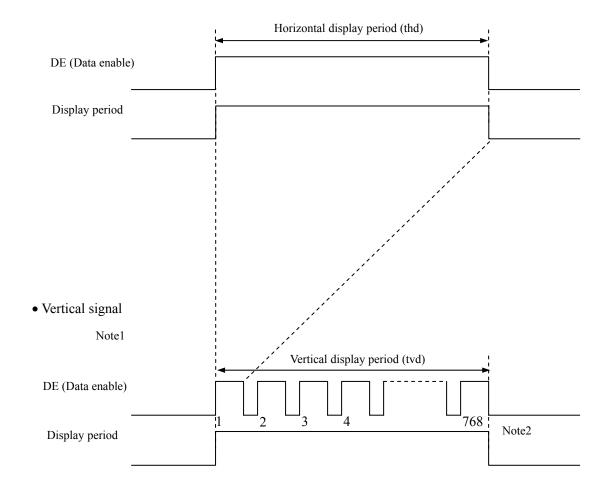
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

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NL10276BC20-18

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
	Frequency		1/tc	60.0	65.0	68.0	MHz	15.385ns (typ.)		
CLK]	Duty		Duty					-	
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-		-		ns	-		
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns			
DATA	CLK-DAIA	Hold time		-			ns	-		
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns			
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	19.67	20.676	22.4	μs	l		
		Cycle	tii	-	1,344	1	CLK	48.363kHz (typ.)		
		Display period	thd		1,024		CLK			
	37 (° 1	Cycle	tv	13.3	16.666	18.5	ms			
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	780	806	-	Н	60.0Hz (typ.)		
	(one name)	Display period	tvd	768			Н			
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-			ns				
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-	-			ns	-		
	Rise tim	-				ns				

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

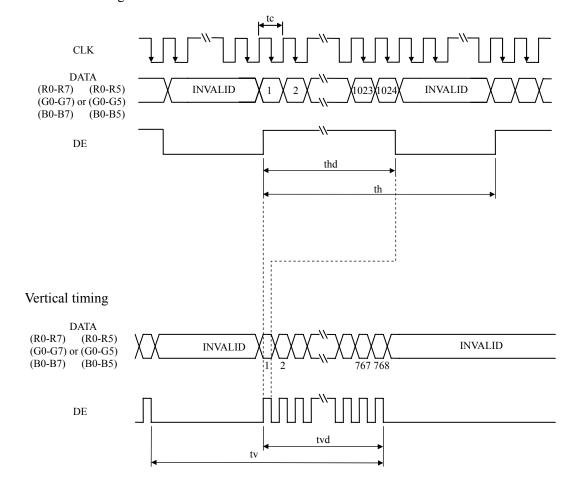
tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



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NL10276BC20-18

4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

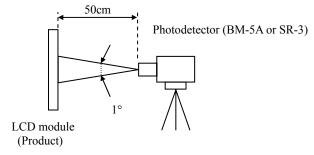
то.т орис								(Note1, N	lote2)	_
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks	
Luminan	ce	White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	TBD	(400)	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-	
Contrast ra	atio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	TBD	(1,000)	-	-	BM-5A	Note3	2
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4	
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-			
	wille	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		Note5	
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	TBD	ı	-			
Chromaticity		y coordinate	Ry	-	TBD	ı	-			
Cilibiliaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	TBD		-	SR-3		
		y coordinate	Gy	-	TBD	-	-	SK-3	Notes	
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	TBD	ı	-			
	Diuc	y coordinate	By	-	TBD	ı	-			
Color gamut		θ R= 0°, θ L= 0°, θ U= 0°, θ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	C	TBD	40	ı	%			
Dagnanga t	ima	White to Black	Ton	-	3	5	ms	BM-5A	Note6	2
Response time		Black to White	Toff	-	15	21	ms	DIVI-JA	Note7	2
	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	80	-	0			
Viorring angle	Left	θ U= 0°, θ D= 0°, CR \geq 10	θL	70	80	-	• EZ		Note8	
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	notes	
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θD	70	80	1	0	1		

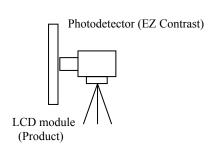
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IL= 60mA/one circuit, Display mode: XGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/48.363kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/60.0Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.





Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF = TBD °C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

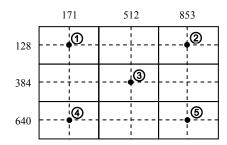
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

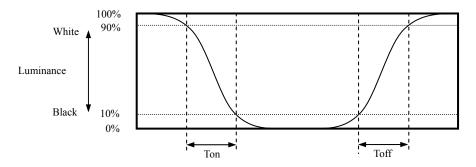
Luminance uniformity (LU) =
$$\frac{\text{Maximum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}{\text{Minimum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

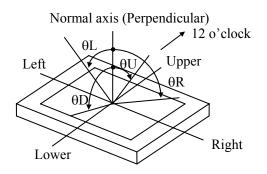


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "black "to "white ", or "white " to "black " on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles





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NL10276BC20-18

5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Life expectancy Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of LCD module) Continuous operation, IL= 60mA/one circuit	70,000	h

Note1: Life expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

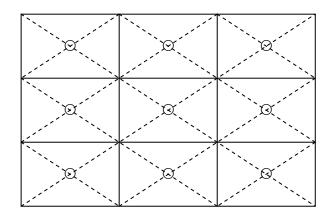
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1		
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is black.			
High temperature (Operation)	① 70 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is black.			
Heat cycle (Operation)	① -20 ± 3°C1hour 70 ± 3°C1hour ② 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle ③ Display data is black.			
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions		
ESD (Operation)	 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV 9 places on a panel surface Note2 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 			
Dust (Operation)	 ① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) ② 15 seconds stir ③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 			
Vibration (Non operation)	 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z directions 120 times each directions 	No display malfunctions No physical damages		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	① 539m/ s², 11ms ② ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions ③ 5 times each directions	ino physical damages		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by personnel or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by personnel, if customer has wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 539m/s² and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6 N (\$\phi\$16mm jig))



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 3 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.147 N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- **(6)** Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ② Do not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- (9) Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal for the worst, please wash it out with soap.

2

2

NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

NL10276BC20-18

7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- 4) This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

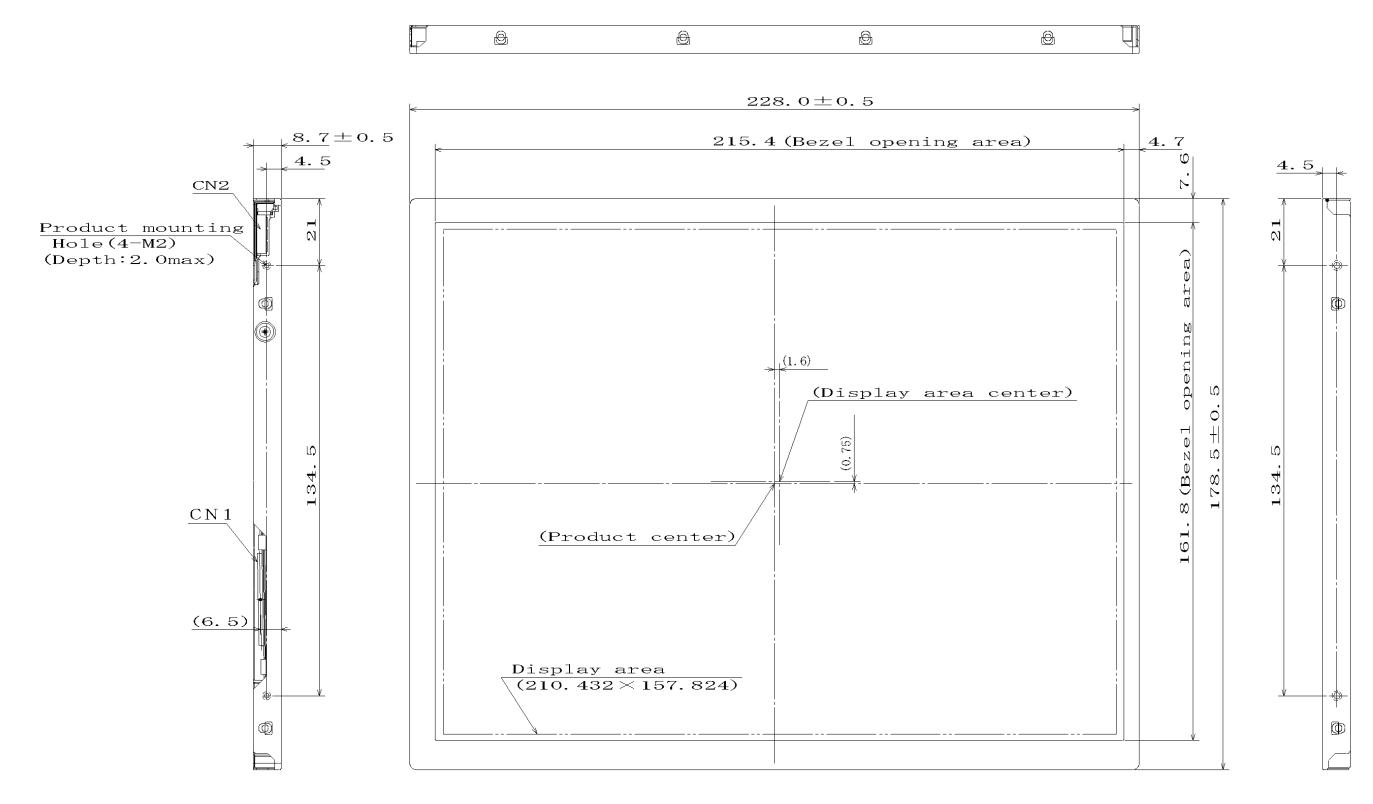
7.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing LED holder.
- 4 Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repair and so on.

2

8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW

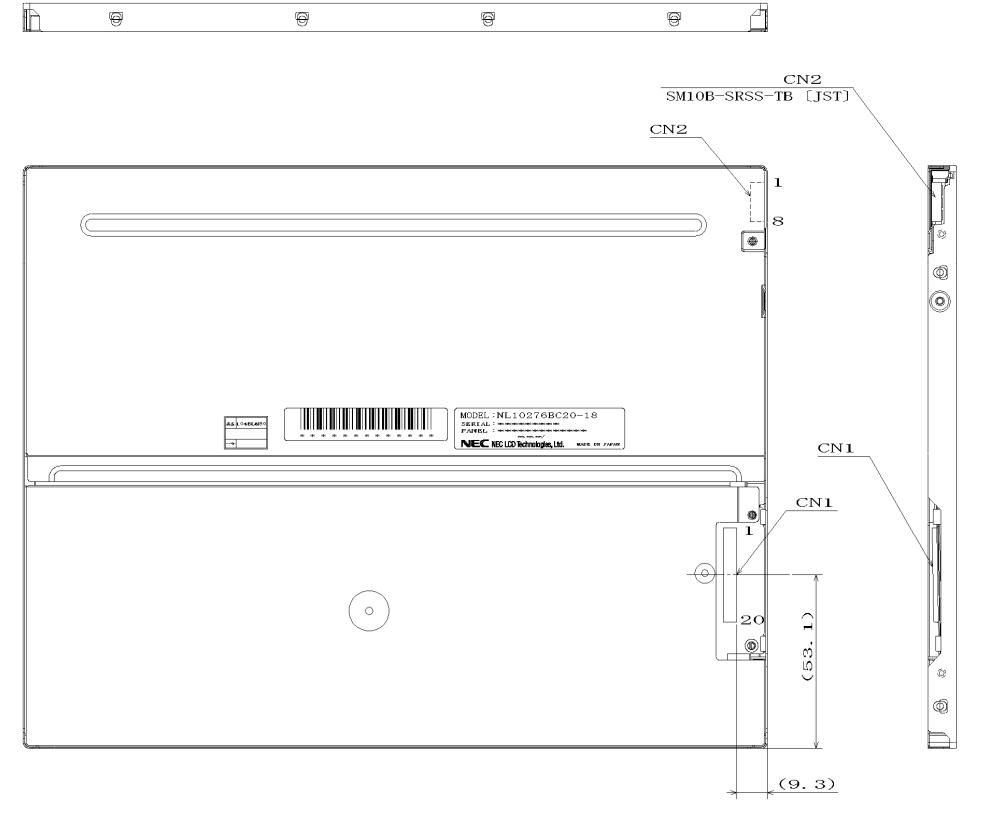


Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.147 N·m.

Unit: mm

8.2 REAR VIEW



Unit: mm

Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.147 N·m.



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REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

E4:4:	Document	Prepared	Davision contents and simustance						
Edition	number	date	Revision contents and signature						
1st edition	DOD-PP- 0598	July 25, 2008	Revision contents						
			New issue						
			Writer						
			Approved by Checked by Prepared by						
			H. FUKUYOSHI — A. KUMANO						
2nd edition	DOD-PP- 0728	Feb. 16, 2009	Revision contents						
			P5 General specifications						
			• Contrast ratio: $(900:1)(typ.) \rightarrow (1,000:1)(typ.)$ (change)						
			 Luminance and Power consumption: IL= TBD mA → 60 mA/one circuit 						
			• Power consumption: TBD W (typ.) \rightarrow 5.0 W (typ.)						
			P6 Block diagram						
			 Anode and Cathode: 5 → 2 (change) P7 Note3 						
			• Anode 3 to 5 (elimination)						
			• Cathode 3 to 5 (elimination)						
			P9 Electrical characteristics- LCD panel signal processing board						
			• Power supply current (ICC): \rightarrow 400 (typ.), 730 (max.) mA						
			P10 Backlight						
			• Forward current (IL): → 60 (typ.) mA						
			• Forward voltage (VL): \rightarrow 30.4 (typ.), 35.1 (max.) V						
			-Remarks: \rightarrow IL= 60 mA						
			• Note2:5 circuits →2 circuits (change) P10 Fuse						
			• Type: \rightarrow FCC16202AB						
			• Supplier: → KAMAYA ELECTRIC Co., Ltd						
			• Rating: \rightarrow 2.0A, 32V						
			• Fusing current: $\rightarrow 4.0$ A						
			P13 Backlight lamp						
			• CN2 plug: SM10B-SRSS-TB → SM8B-SRSS-TB (change)						
			• Adaptable socket: SHR-10V-S → SHR-8V-S (change)						
			 Pin No.5 to 8 -Symbol: A3, K3, A4, K4 → N.C. (changed) -Signal: Anode3, Cathode3, Anode4, Cathode4 → - (changed) 						
			-Signal. Anodes, Cathodes, Anode4, Cathode4 → - (Changed) -Remarks: - → Keep this pin Open. (changed)						
			• Pin No.9 and 10 (elimination)						
			P13 Positions of plug and socket, P32 Outline drawings -Rear view						
			• CN2: Pin No.10 \rightarrow No.8 (change)						
			P23 Timing characteristics						
			• Note3 (addition)						
			P25 Optics - Optical characteristics						
			• Contrast ratio: (900)(typ.) → (1,000)(typ.) (change) • Representations. Top and Toff: (2,1000)(typ.) (21(max.))ms.						
			 Response time- Ton and Toff: → 5(max.), 21(max.)ms Note2: IL= TBD mA → 60 mA/one circuit 						
			P27 Estimated luminance lifetime (addition)						
			P29 Precautions						
			-Cautions						
			"Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of burn injury." (elimination) Attentions, Handling of the product.						
			-Attentions -Handling of the product						
		1	recommended. — wipe it with a soft dry cloth. (correction)						
			 ② Do not hook nor pull cables, and so on, in order to avoid any damage. (elim ⑤ use of the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for L recommended. → wipe it with a soft dry cloth. (correction) 						

REVISION HISTORY

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision contents and signature
2nd edition	DOD-PP- 0728	Feb. 16, 2009	Revision contents P29 Precautions Characteristics: (a) (elimination) Other: "(a) Pay attention not to insert foreign materials inside of the product, when using tapping screws." (elimination) (a) See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing LED holder. (addition)
			Writer Approved by Checked by Prepared by A-Kumano